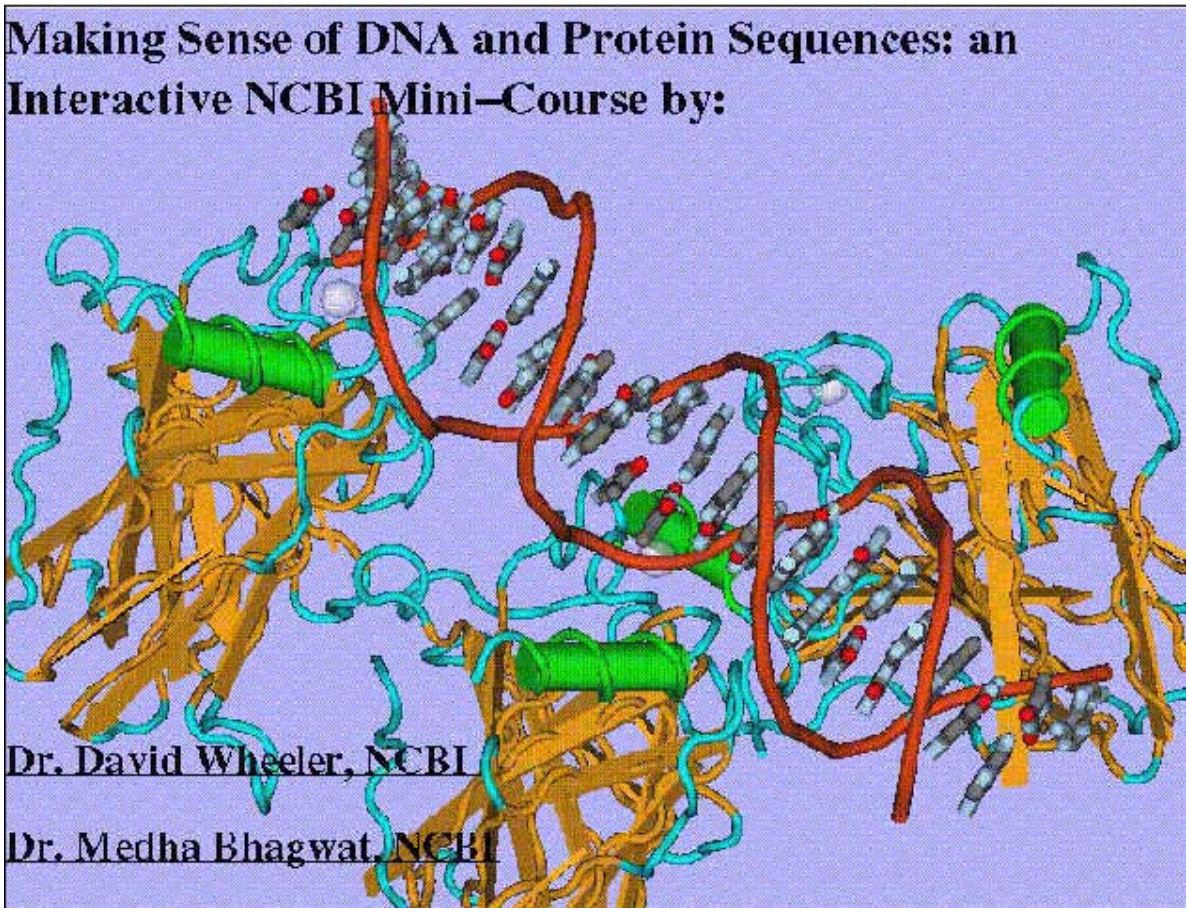
Making Sense of DNA and Protein Sequences: an Interactive NCBI Mini–Course by:



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Introduction:
In this course (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/), we will first try to make sense of the DNA sequence by determining whether it encodes for a protein. If it does, then we will use this protein sequence to search for the presence of any motifs or structural domains present in it and also to predict its function. Finally, we will map the protein sequence onto the structure of a protein with similar sequence.

We recommend beginning with the uncharacterized *Drosophila melanogaster* genomic sequence from the GenBank record AE003584 found in the first electronic notebook, however, you can use another uncharacterized *Drosophila melanogaster* genomic sequence by choosing another notebook from the list below.

Electronic Notebook for Protein Sequence Analysis

The electronic notebook is a tutorial and analysis web-form consisting of a set of links to protein analysis tools combined with areas into which results and personal notes can be recorded. All the analysis tools open into a second "tools" window from which the results of an analysis can be pasted into the electronic notebook. The "Cheat now!" links open a third window in which a complete set of results have already been recorded. The electronic notebook can also be used to analyze a new DNA sequence by substituting the new sequence the original sequence found in the DNA sequence text area. The electronic notebooks used in this course are publicly accessible over the internet.

URLs Used:

Class Page: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/
GenScan: http://genes.mit.edu/GENSCAN.html
ScanProsite: http://www.expasy.org/tools/scanprosite/
BLASTP: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST
COGs: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/COG/old/
MultAlin: http://prodes.toulouse.inra.fr/multalin/multalin.html
CDD: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Structure/cdd/wrpsb.cgi

NoteBooks:

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/x1a.html
http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/x2a.html

Outline

Making Sense of DNA and Protein Sequences
Eukaryotic DNA query (Drosophila genome)
Predict coding region/exons (GenScan)
Obtain protein product (GenScan)
Identify motif/site (ScanProsite)
Search for similar sequences (BLASTp)
Predict function (COG)
Perform multiple sequence alignment (Multalin)
Obtain 3-D structural template (CDD)

To identify any exons in the DNA sequence and generate a predicted protein sequence, click here:

GenScan

Paste your DNA sequence into the GenScan input window. Press the *"Run Genscan"* button. Select the protein translation with the highest exon P–values and paste this FASTA formatted output into your notebook.

Protein Sequence from Genscan

The New GENSCAN Web Server at MIT

Identification of complete gene structures in genomic DNA

```
                \\|//
                (o o)
-. .-.   .-oOOo~(_)~oOOo-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-.
||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||
|/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/
'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'
```

For information about Genscan, click here

This server provides access to the program Genscan for predicting the locations and exon-intron structures of genes in genomic sequences from a variety of organisms.

This server can accept sequences up to 1 million base pairs (1 Mbp) in length. If you have trouble with the web server or if you have a large number of sequences to process, request a local copy of the program (see instructions at the bottom of this page) or use the GENSCAN email server. If your browser (*e.g.*, Lynx) does not support file upload or multipart forms, use the older version.

Organism: Vertebrate Suboptimal exon cutoff (optional): 1.00

Sequence name (optional):

Print options: Predicted peptides only

Upload your DNA sequence file (one-letter code, upper or lower case, spaces/numbers ignored):

Browse...

Or paste your DNA sequence here (one-letter code, upper or lower case, spaces/numbers ignored):

```
   239041 gctcctgtct gaacgatcca gcgcgatgtt gatcaccgcc ttgttgtcat
catccacaat
   239101 gatggtgacg ttgacatggg ttttgttgcc gtaattgagg cgcctgaagt
ggaagtccct
   239161 atgcagaaac ttcggatgga tgttgcactc cagatgctga ttgctaaaac
gaaagctgcc
   239221 aaagctcagg accatggctt ggatgactcc cgaagctccc gctcgaataa
gattgtggca
   239281 gccctgtttc tccaacgtta gcatccacga cgtaaccagg gagttaagct
gctgaagatt
   239341 agacatctcg cgccaaagat tctccgcctg cagagtgtga tacgaatcgt
agcagccttc
```

To have the results mailed to you, enter your email address here (optional):

Run GENSCAN Clear Input

GENSCAN 1.0 Date run: 1-Nov-107 Time: 13:45:35

Sequence 13:45:35 : 5100 bp : 46.29% C+G : Isochore 2 (43 - 51 C+G%)

Parameter matrix: HumanIso.smat

Predicted genes/exons:

```
Gn.Ex Type S .Begin ...End .Len Fr Ph I/Ac Do/T CodRg P.... Tscr..

 1.01 Sngl + 27 458  432  2  0 48 49 383 0.447 24.68
1      PlyA + 489 494 6 1.05
2      Prom + 830 869 40 -6.86

 2.01 Init + 1002 1069 68  2  2 53 89 83 0.970 3.88
 2.02 Intr + 2549 2708  160  2  1 72 105 284 0.980 28.49
 2.03 Intr + 2771 2872  102  1  0 10 86 251 0.999 17.47
 2.04 Intr + 2935 3183  249  0  0 73 100 586 0.999 55.93
 2.05 Term + 3253 3948  696  0  0 90 49 1324 0.999 122.25
1      PlyA + 4120 4125 6 1.05
2      PlyA -4162 4157 6 -0.45

 3.03 Term -4448 4261  188  0  2 37 42 95 0.922 -2.55
 3.02 Intr -4635 4511  125  2  2 44 90 91 0.949 5.13
 3.01 Init -5046 4694  353  0  2 66 43 485 0.897 38.43
```

Click here to view a PDF image of the predicted gene(s)

Click here for a PostScript image of the predicted gene(s)

Predicted peptide sequence(s):

```
>13:45:35|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_1|143_aaMPRTLPWTTVFTAVASSARAKSMEKLTVV
FLLRMHSALVVSQPSMATRVNLPVFDPQSLNSRAPAKTTSAAQAITAYLSIFFHLIELQGKRIGWLFRWLSPL
SASSQRYESTKSGESPKTTQSFRMNGKQLRAATQKKAFFDD

>13:45:35|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aaMSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSE
VQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGAYRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNK
AIELALGKGSKRLAAKHNVTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRY
YDKDTCALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAYQGFATGDI
DRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMSQVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIA
AEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLGSSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSV
YLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIHKVTK

>13:45:35|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_3|221_aaMSNLQQLNSLVTSWMLTLEKQGCHNLIRA
GASGVIQAMVLSFGSFRFSNQHLECNIHPKFLHRDFHFRRLNYGNKTHVNVTIIVDDDNKAVINIALDRSDRS
YYACDGGCLDEPVLLTQNRRQFPVKLTEPLTAILYITEDKQHMEELHHAIHVKEVVEAPAHEQHLIALHRHGH
QLGGLPTLFWVSVCAIIIVFHIFLCKLIIKEYCEPSDKLRYRYNKP
```

To scan the protein sequence for the occurrence of motifs/patterns found in the PROSITE database, use:

ScanProsite

Paste the protein sequence from GenScan into the ScanProsite input box and press the *"Start the Scan"* button. Paste the ScanProsite hit into your notebook. To see the Prosite summary for the hit, click on the PDOCxxxx number.

Hit from ScanProsite

Prosite pattern

Cheat Now!

Home | ScanProsite | ProRule | Documents | Downloads | Links

ScanProsite

The ScanProsite tool [Help / Commercial users] allows to scan protein sequence(s) (either from UniProt Knowledgebase (Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL) or PDB or provided by the user) for the occurrence of patterns, profiles and rules (motifs) stored in the PROSITE database, or to search protein database(s) for hits by specific motif(s) [Reference / Download ps_scan, the standalone version]. The program PRATT can be used to generate your own patterns. You may either:

- Enter one or more PROSITE accession numbers and/or patterns [1 by line] to search the UniProt Knowledgebase (Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL) and/or PDB databases, **OR**
- Enter one or more sequences [raw, Swiss-Prot or fasta format] and/or UniProt Knowledgebase (Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL) accession numbers and/or PDB accession numbers [1 by line] to be scanned with all patterns, profiles, rules in PROSITE, **OR**
- Fill in both fields to find all occurrences of specified motifs in specified sequences.

Protein(s) to be scanned:

Enter one or more Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL accession number(s) [AC] (e.g. **P00747**) and/or sequence identifier(s) [ID] (e.g. **ENTK_HUMAN**), and/or PDB identifier, and/or paste **your own protein sequence(s)** in the box below:
(leave this box blank to scan PROSITE entrie(s) against selected protein databases)

```
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGV
YRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYI
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHV.
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWI
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGEI
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLI
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGI
KVTK
```

Clear

General options:

- [x] Exclude motifs with a high probability of occurrence
- [ ] Show low level score
- [ ] Do not scan profiles [User Manual]

Show only sequences with at least [ ] hit(s)
Maximum of matched sequences [1000]
Output format [Graphical view]
[ ] Retrieve complete sequences
Your e-mail (optional): [ ] (will send results by e-mail)

START THE SCAN | reset

PROSITE pattern(s)/profile(s) to scan for:

Enter one or more PROSITE accession number(s) (e.g. **PS50240**), and/or identifier(s) (e.g. **CHEB**), and/or type **your pattern(s)** in PROSITE format in the box below:
(leave this box blank to scan sequence(s) against the entire PROSITE database)

and specify your search limits (only used if no protein data specified) **:**

- **Protein database(s):** [x] Swiss-Prot [ ] TrEMBL [ ] PDB databases
  [x] including splice variants
  randomize databases [no] (only with patterns, see help)
- Taxonomic lineage (OC) / species (OS) filter: [ ]
  (see NEWT Taxonomy ; separate multiple taxa/species with a semicolon, e.g. *Eukaryota; Escherichia coli;* . Does not work on PDB sequences.)
- Description (DE) filter: [ ] e.g. *protease*

pattern options:

Allow at most [1] X sequence characters to match a conserved position in the pattern
match mode [greedy, overlaps, no includes] (for patterns, see help)

Home ScanProsite Prol

ScanProsite Results Viewer

This view shows ScanProsite results together with ProRule-based predicted intra-domain features (help).

Hits for all PROSITE (release 20.19) motifs on sequence 13-14-50-GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2-424_aa :

found: 1 hit in 1 sequence

13-14-50-GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2-424_aa (424 aa)

```
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGAYRDDNT
QPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNKAIELALGKGSKRLAAKHNVTAQSISGTGAL
RIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDTCALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEK
SIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAYQGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHD
FCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMSQVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDL
RAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLGSSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYL
TNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIHKVTK
```

ruler: 1 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000

hits by patterns: [1 hit (by 1 pattern) on 1 sequence]

Hits by PS00105 **AA_TRANSFER_CLASS_1** *Aminotransferases class-I pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site* :

13-14-50-GENS~ (424 aa)

270 - 283: SFAKnmGLyGERAG

Legend:

disulfide bridge active site other 'ranges' other sites

horizontal scaling: 0.6

do not show text labels:

do not show sites in hits:

do not show ranges in hits:

redisplay

Aminotransferases class-I pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site

Description:

Aminotransferases share certain mechanistic features with other pyridoxal-phosphate dependent enzymes, such as the covalent binding of the pyridoxal-phosphate group to a lysine residue. On the basis of sequence similarity, these various enzymes can be grouped [1,2] into subfamilies. One of these, called class-I, currently consists of the following enzymes:

- Aspartate aminotransferase (AAT) (EC 2.6.1.1). AAT catalyzes the reversible transfer of the amino group from L-aspartate to 2-oxoglutarate to form oxaloacetate and L-glutamate. In eukaryotes, there are two AAT isozymes: one is located in the mitochondrial matrix, the second is cytoplasmic. In prokaryotes, only one form of AAT is found (gene aspC).
- Tyrosine aminotransferase (EC 2.6.1.5) which catalyzes the first step in tyrosine catabolism by reversibly transferring its amino group to 2- oxoglutarate to form 4-hydroxyphenylpyruvate and L-glutamate.
- Aromatic aminotransferase (EC 2.6.1.57) involved in the synthesis of Phe, Tyr, Asp and Leu (gene tyrB).
- 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylate synthase (EC 4.4.1.14) (ACC synthase) from plants. ACC synthase catalyzes the first step in ethylene biosynthesis.
- Pseudomonas denitrificans cobC, which is involved in cobalamin biosynthesis.
- Yeast hypothetical protein YJL060w.

The sequence around the pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site of this class of enzyme is sufficiently conserved to allow the creation of a specific pattern.

Last update:
April 2006 / Pattern and text revised.

Technical section:

PROSITE method (with tools and information) covered by this documentation:

AA_TRANSFER_CLASS_1, PS00105; **Aminotransferases class-I pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site** (PATTERN)

Consensus pattern:	**[GS] - [LIVMFYTAC] - [GSTA] - K - x(2) - [GSALVN] - [LIVMFA] - x - [GNAR] - {V} - R - [LIVMA] - [GA]** *K is the pyridoxal-P attachment site*
Sequences known to belong to this class detected by the pattern:	ALL
Other sequence(s) detected in Swiss-Prot:	1

To search for proteins with similar sequences, use BLAST:

BLAST

Run a BLASTp search against the Swiss-Prot database by pasting the protein sequence from GenScan into the input box on the BLASTp page. Choose the SwissProt database from the database listbox, then press the ***"BLAST"*** button. Format your results as "Flat-query anchored with dots for identities" by selecting the "Reformat these Results" link on the results page and paste this alignment into your notebook.

BLASTP Alignment (against SwissProt)

BLAST Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

Home | Recent Results | Saved Strategies | Help

NCBI/ BLAST/ blastp suite: BLASTP programs search protein databases using a protein query. more... Reset page Bookmark

Enter Query Sequence

Enter accession number, gi, or FASTA sequence Clear

```
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAY
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGIDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMS
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLG
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIH
KVTK
```

Query subrange

From

To

Or, upload file Browse...

Job Title

Enter a descriptive title for your BLAST search

Choose Search Set

Database Swissprot protein sequences(swissprot)

Organism
Optional

Enter organism common name, binomial, or tax id. Only 20 top taxa will be shown.

Entrez Query
Optional

Enter an Entrez query to limit search

Program Selection

Algorithm

- blastp (protein protein BLAST)
- PSI-BLAST (Position-Specific Iterated BLAST)
- PHI-BLAST (Pattern Hit Initiated BLAST)

Choose a BLAST algorithm

BLAST Search database swissprot using Blastp (protein-protein BLAST)

Show results in a new window

BLAST Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

Home | Recent Results | Saved Strategies | Help

NCBI/ BLAST/ blastp/ Formatting Results - F02W3DN601R [Reformat these Results] [Edit and Resubmit] [Sign in above to save your search strategy]

Job Title: 13:14:50|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa

BLASTP 2.2.17 (Aug-26-2007)

Reference:
Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schäffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402.

RID: F02W3DN601R

Database: Non-redundant SwissProt sequences
252,910 sequences; 95,429,281 total letters

BLAST Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

Home | Recent Results | Saved Strategies | Help

NCBI/ BLAST/ Format Request

Query lcl|30322 13:14:50|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa(424 letters)

Database swissprot

Job title 13:14:50|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa

Request ID F02W3DN601R View report Show results in a new window

Format

Show Alignment as HTML Advanced View Reset form to defaults

Alignment View Flat query-anchored with dots for identities

Display Graphical Overview Linkout Sequence Retrieval NCBI-gi

Masking Character: Lower Case Masking Color: Grey

Limit results Descriptions: 100 Graphical overview: 100 Alignments: 100

Organism Type common name, binomial, taxid, or group name. Only 20 top taxa will be shown.
Enter organism name or id--completions will be sugges

Entrez query:

Expect Min: 0 Expect Max: 10

Format for PSI-BLAST with inclusion threshold: 0.001

BLAST — Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

Home | Recent Results | Saved Strategies | Help

NCBI/ BLAST/ blastp/ Formatting Results - F02W3DN601R [Reformat these Results] [Edit and Resubmit] [Sign in above to save your search strategy]

Job Title: 13:14:50|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa

BLASTP 2.2.17 (Aug-26-2007)

Reference:
Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schäffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402.

RID: F02W3DN601R

Database: Non-redundant SwissProt sequences
252,910 sequences; 95,429,281 total letters

If you have any problems or questions with the results of this search please refer to the **BLAST FAQs**
Taxonomy reports

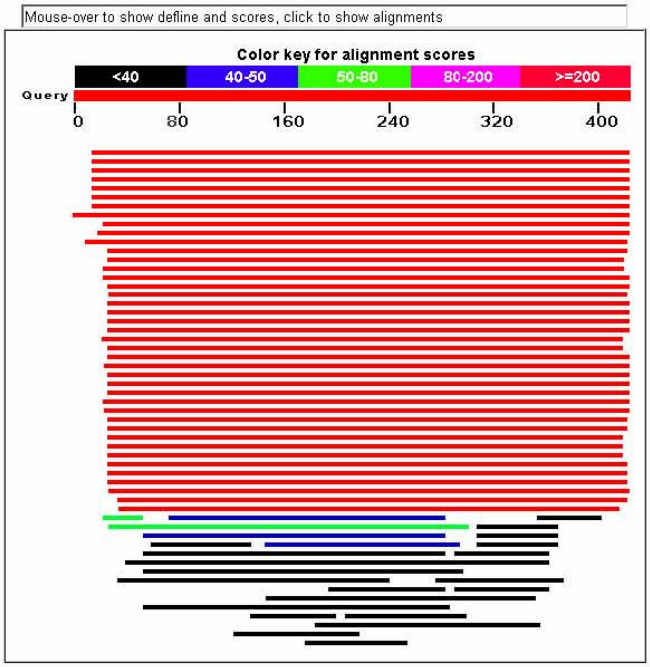
Query= 13:14:50|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
Length=424

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/Blast.cgi

NCBI Minicourses HomePage | http://www.ncbi.nl...nicourses/x1a.html | NCBI Blast:13:14:50|GENSCAN_pr... | PROSITE documentation PDOC00098

Distribution of 72 Blast Hits on the Query Sequence

Mouse-over to show defline and scores, click to show alignments

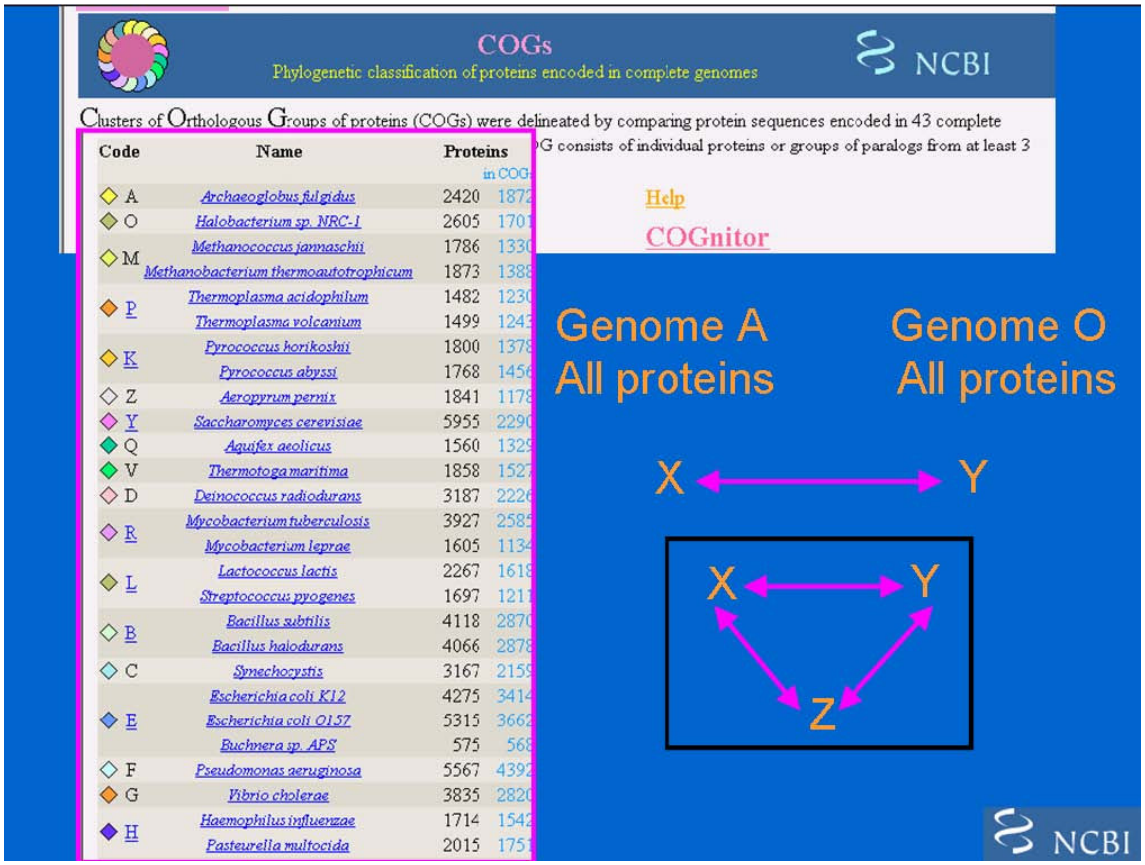


Distance tree of results NEW

Sequences producing significant alignments:	Score (Bits)	E Value	
gi|75042478|sp|Q5REB0|AATM PONPY Aspartate aminotransferase, ...	545	2e-154	
gi|112983|sp|P00505|AATM HUMAN Aspartate aminotransferase, mi...	543	4e-154	G
gi|112984|sp|P05202|AATM MOUSE Aspartate aminotransferase, mi...	543	5e-154	G
gi|112987|sp|P00507|AATM RAT Aspartate aminotransferase, mito...	543	7e-154	G
gi|75075926|sp|Q4R559|AATM MACFA Aspartate aminotransferase, ...	542	1e-153	
gi|112985|sp|P00506|AATM PIG Aspartate aminotransferase, mito...	538	2e-152	G
gi|1168261|sp|P12344|AATM BOVIN Aspartate aminotransferase, m...	536	5e-152	G
gi|112981|sp|P00508|AATM CHICK Aspartate aminotransferase, mi...	532	9e-151	G
gi|112982|sp|P08907|AATM HORSE Aspartate aminotransferase, mi...	532	1e-150	
gi|1168256|sp|P46643|AAT1 ARATH Aspartate aminotransferase, m...	429	1e-119	G
gi|2506178|sp|P28011|AAT1 MEDSA Aspartate aminotransferase 1 (Tr	418	2e-116	
gi|1168258|sp|P46644|AAT3 ARATH Aspartate aminotransferase, c...	405	2e-112	G
gi|21542386|sp|P46645|AAT2 ARATH Aspartate aminotransferase, ...	405	2e-112	G
gi|112972|sp|P28734|AATC DAUCA Aspartate aminotransferase, cytop	404	3e-112	
gi|584706|sp|P37833|AATC ORYSJ Aspartate aminotransferase, cytop	401	3e-111	

```
24418724    273   ------V                                                  273

Query       251   ----DAQAVR------TFE---ADGH----D-FCL-AQ--SFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLC  289
75042478    257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V....MV.  295
112983      257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V....MV.  295
112984      257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V.....V.  295
112987      257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V.....V.  295
75075926    257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V....MV.  295
112985      257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V.....V.  295
1168261     257   ----..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V.....V.  295
112981      250   ----..W.L.------H.I---EQ.I----.-VV.-S.--.Y................I.  288
112982      228   ----..W...------Y.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C.--.Y..........V....MV.  266
1168256     255   ----..KSI.------I.L---E...----H-IGI-S.--.Y........Q.V.CLS...  293
2506178     242   ----...P..------L.V---...G----E-LLV-..--.Y..........V..LSIVS  280
1168258     273   ----..KPI.------M.V---...G----E-CLV-..--.Y..........V..LSIV.  311
21542386    229   ----...S..------..V---...G----E-CLI-..--.Y..........V..LSIV.  267
112972      229   ----...S..------I.V---...G----E-CLA-..--.Y..........V..LSIV.  267
584706      231   ----...S..------M.V---...G----E-LLM-..--.Y..........V..LSIV.  269
112971      236   ----..W...------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-..--..S..F...N..V.NLS.VG  274
21542387    227   ----......------M.V---...G----E-CLI-..--.Y..........I.SL.IV.  265
75041219    237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-.FC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
75076072    237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-.FC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
5902703     237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-.FC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
20532373    276   ----..AS..------L.A---ER.M----E-.FV-..--.YS..L...A..I..IN.V.  314
112979      277   ----..AS..------L.V---.R.L----E-VLV-..--.YS..L...A..I..IN.IS  315
112976      237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VA  275
122065118   237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
126302508   237   ----..W...------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VA  275
122065117   237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VA  275
112975      237   ----..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-..--..S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
1703040     230   ----..Y...------LGVEKLSTVS----P-VFV-C.--.....A.M....V.C.HLAL  271
2492843     229   ----..W.I.------Y.V---DQ.M----E-MVV-S.--.....F...N..V.NL..VV  267
1168262     224   ----..YGL.------A.A---.NHK----E-LLV-.S--..S..F...N..V....LVA  262
```


COGs
Phylogenetic classification of proteins encoded in complete genomes
NCBI
Clusters of Orthologous Groups of proteins (COGs) were delineated by comparing protein sequences encoded in 43 complete
G consists of individual proteins or groups of paralogs from at least 3
Help
COGnitor
Code
Name
Proteins
in COG
A Archaeoglobus fulgidus 2420 1872
O Halobacterium sp. NRC-1 2605 1701
M Methanococcus jannaschii 1786 1330
Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum 1873 1388
P Thermoplasma acidophilum 1482 1230
Thermoplasma volcanium 1499 1243
K Pyrococcus horikoshii 1800 1378
Pyrococcus abyssi 1768 1456
Z Aeropyrum pernix 1841 1178
Y Saccharomyces cerevisiae 5955 2290
Q Aquifex aeolicus 1560 1329
V Thermotoga maritima 1858 1527
D Deinococcus radiodurans 3187 2226
R Mycobacterium tuberculosis 3927 2585
Mycobacterium leprae 1605 1134
L Lactococcus lactis 2267 1618
Streptococcus pyogenes 1697 1211
B Bacillus subtilis 4118 2870
Bacillus halodurans 4066 2878
C Synechocystis 3167 2159
E Escherichia coli K12 4275 3414
Escherichia coli O157 5315 3662
Buchnera sp. APS 575 568
F Pseudomonas aeruginosa 5567 4392
G Vibrio cholerae 3835 2820
H Haemophilus influenzae 1714 1542
Pasteurella multocida 2015 1751
Genome A
All proteins
Genome O
All proteins
X
Y
X
Y
Z
NCBI

To search against the COGs database, click here:

COGs

Clusters of Orthologous Groups of proteins (COGs) were delineated by comparing protein sequences encoded in 43 complete genomes, representing 30 major phylogenetic lineages. Each COG consists of individual proteins or groups of paralogs from at least 3 lineages and thus corresponds to an ancient conserved domain. Use the COGnitor to compare the protein sequence to the COGs database.

Paste the FASTA formatted protein sequence from GenScan into the COGnitor input box and press the ***"compare to COGs"*** button. Click on the link to the highest-scoring COG and click on the disk icon to save the sequences in the COG to a local file on your desktop to be used as input to Multalin below. Drag this file from your desktop onto your "tools" browser window to display the sequences. Then copy and paste these into your notebook under "COGs FASTA Sequences".

COGs FASTA Sequences

Updated version

COGs

Phylogenetic classification of proteins encoded in complete genomes

Clusters of Orthologous Groups of proteins (COGs) were delineated by comparing protein sequences encoded in 43 complete gen representing 30 major phylogenetic lineages. Each COG consists of individual proteins or groups of paralogs from at least 3 lineages corresponds to an ancient conserved domain.

Science 1997 Oct 24;278(5338):631-7,
Nucleic Acids Res 2001 Jan 1; 29(1):22-28.

Help

COGnitor

Protein/Gene name: Text search:

Code	Name	Proteins	in COGs
A	*Archaeoglobus fulgidus*	2420	1872
O	*Halobacterium sp. NRC-1*	2605	1701
M	*Methanococcus jannaschii*	1786	1330
	Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum	1873	1388
P	*Thermoplasma acidophilum*	1482	1230
	Thermoplasma volcanium	1499	1243
K	*Pyrococcus horikoshii*	1800	1378
	Pyrococcus abyssi	1768	1456
Z	*Aeropyrum pernix*	1841	1178
Y	*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*	5955	2290
Q	*Aquifex aeolicus*	1560	1329
V	*Thermotoga maritima*	1858	1527
D	*Deinococcus radiodurans*	3187	2226
R	*Mycobacterium tuberculosis*	3927	2585
	Mycobacterium leprae	1605	1134
L	*Lactococcus lactis*	2267	1618
	Streptococcus pyogenes	1697	1211
B	*Bacillus subtilis*	4118	2870
	Bacillus halodurans	4066	2878
C	*Synechocystis*	3167	2159

Principal component analysis of genomes
List of COGs
Distribution
Co-occurrences
Phylogenetic patterns
Phylogenetic patterns search

Functional categories

J K L
D O M N P T
G C E F H I Q
R S

Pathways and functional systems

FTP

COGnitor

Compare your sequence to COG database

NCBI

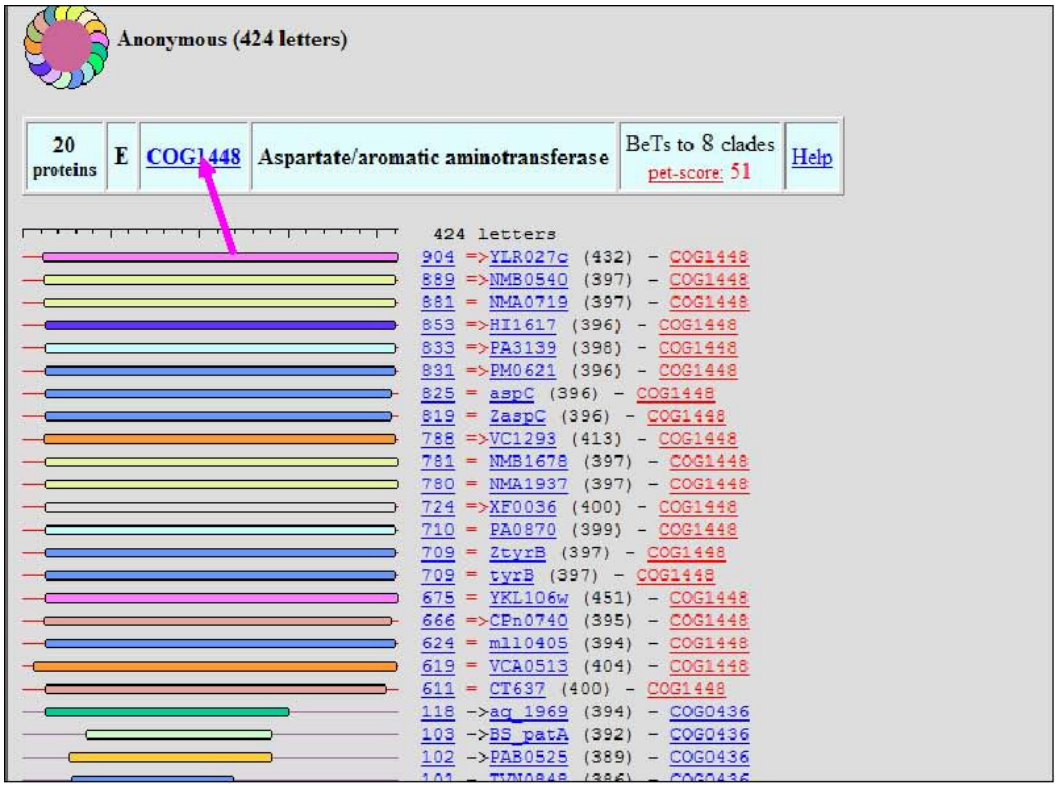
compare to COGs | Clear | BeTs to 3 clades

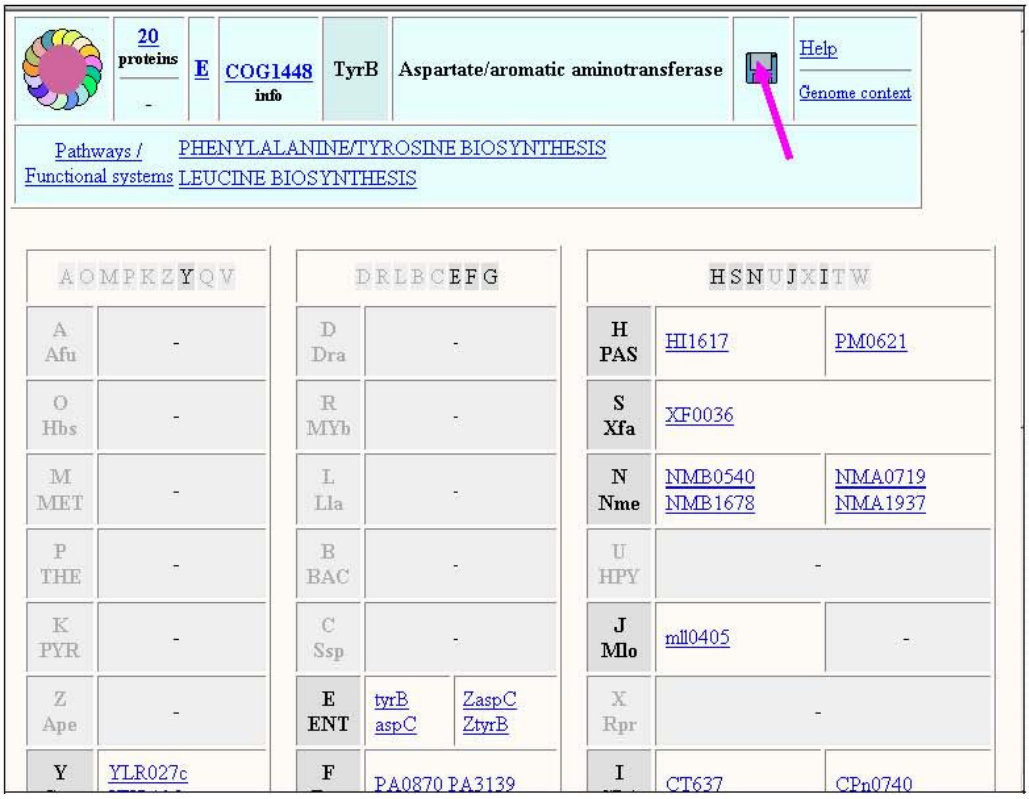
Help
Example

Paste your sequence and press the button above.

```
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGA
YRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNKAIELALGKGSKRLAAKHN
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDT
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWRE:SALVKKRNLYPFIDMAY
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMS
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLG
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIH
KVTK
```

Skip low-complexity filtering


Anonymous (424 letters)
20 proteins
E
COG1448
Aspartate/aromatic aminotransferase
BeTs to 8 clades
pet-score: 51
Help
424 letters
904 =>YLR027c (432) - COG1448
889 =>NMB0540 (397) - COG1448
881 = NMA0719 (397) - COG1448
853 =>HI1617 (396) - COG1448
833 =>PA3139 (398) - COG1448
831 =>PM0621 (396) - COG1448
825 = aspC (396) - COG1448
819 = ZaspC (396) - COG1448
788 =>VC1293 (413) - COG1448
781 = NMB1678 (397) - COG1448
780 = NMA1937 (397) - COG1448
724 =>XF0036 (400) - COG1448
710 = PA0870 (399) - COG1448
709 = ZtyrB (397) - COG1448
709 = tyrB (397) - COG1448
675 = YKL106w (451) - COG1448
666 =>CPn0740 (395) - COG1448
624 = mll0405 (394) - COG1448
619 = VCA0513 (404) - COG1448
611 = CT637 (400) - COG1448
118 ->aq_1969 (394) - COG0436
103 ->BS_patA (392) - COG0436
102 ->PAB0525 (389) - COG0436

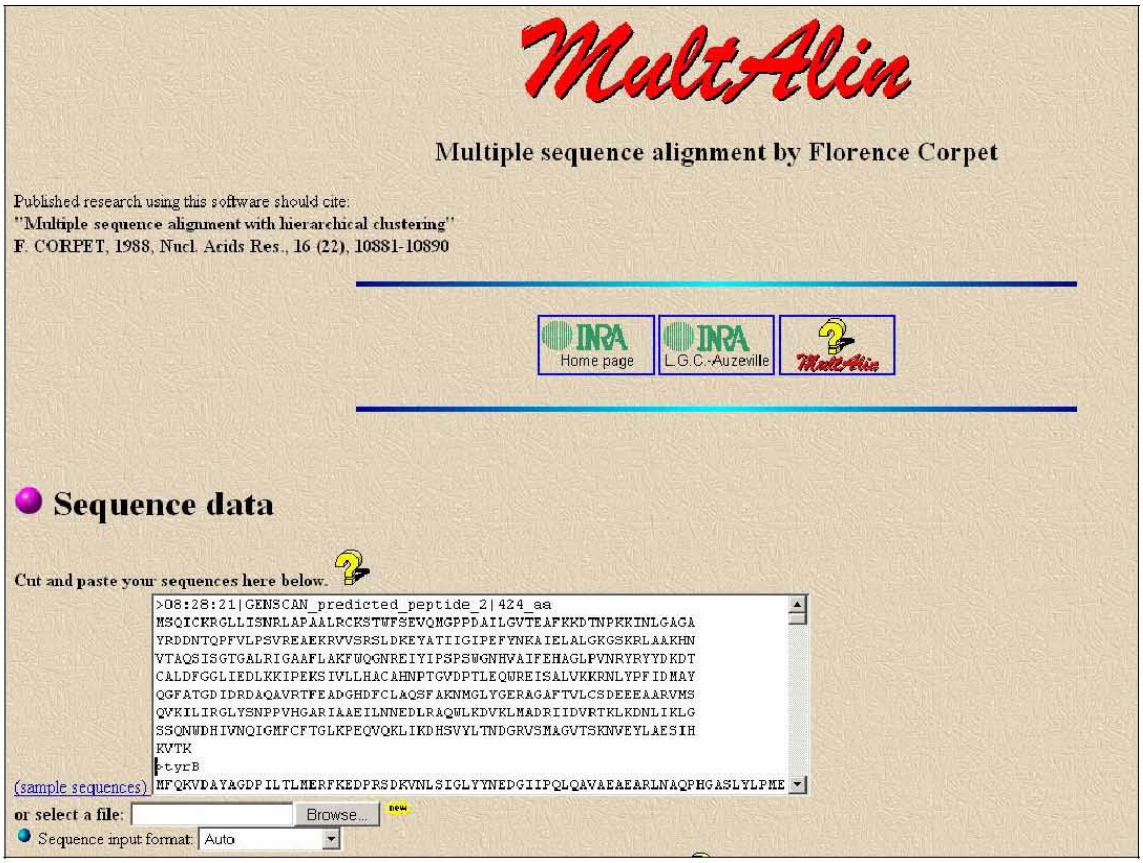

20 proteins
E
COG1448
info
TyrB
Aspartate/aromatic aminotransferase
Help
Genome context
Pathways / Functional systems
PHENYLALANINE/TYROSINE BIOSYNTHESIS
LEUCINE BIOSYNTHESIS
A O M P K Z Y Q V
D R L B C E F G
H S N U J X I T W
A Afu -
O Hbs -
M MET -
P THE -
K PYR -
Z Ape -
Y YLR027c
D Dra -
R MYb -
L Lla -
B BAC -
C Ssp -
E ENT tyrB aspC ZaspC ZtyrB
F PA0870 PA3139
H PAS HI1617 PM0621
S Xfa XF0036
N Nme NMB0540 NMB1678 NMA0719 NMA1937
U HPY -
J Mlo mll0405 -
X Rpr -
I CT637 CPn0740

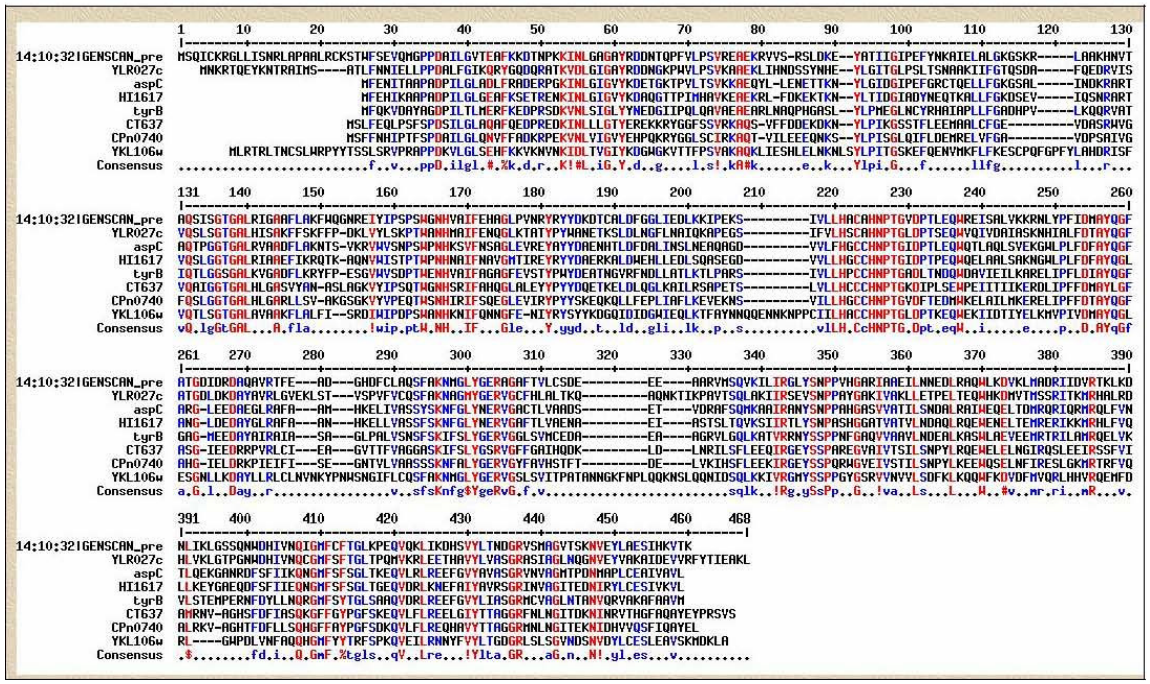
To generate a multiple sequence alignment, use:

MultAlin

Paste the sequences from your best–hit COG, saved in your "COGs FASTA Sequences" notebook area, into the input box of Multalin. Also paste in the protein sequence derived from GenScan to include your unknown sequence in this alignment and press the ***"Start Multalin!"*** button. Display these results in text form by clicking on the "–Results as a text page (msf) " link. Paste this Multalin display into your notebook.

Multalin Alignment


MultAlin
Multiple sequence alignment by Florence Corpet
Published research using this software should cite:
"Multiple sequence alignment with hierarchical clustering"
F. CORPET, 1988, Nucl. Acids Res., 16 (22), 10881-10890
INRA Home page
INRA L.G.C.-Auzeville
MultAlin
Sequence data
Cut and paste your sequences here below.
>08:28:21|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
>tyrB
(sample sequences)
or select a file:
Browse...
Sequence input format: Auto


14:10:32|GENSCAN_pre
YLR027c
aspC
HI1617
tyrB
CT637
CPn0740
YKL106w
Consensus

```
<skip>

Symbol comparison table: blosum62
Gap weight: 12
Gap length weight: 2

Consensus levels: high=90% low=50%
Consensus symbols:
! is anyone of IV
 $ is anyone of LM
 % is anyone of FY
 # is anyone of NDQEBZ

<skip>
```

```
                     251                                                300
09:43:59|GENSCAN_pre PFIDMAYQGF ATGDIDRDAQ AVRTFE.... ..ADGHDFCL AQSFAKNMGL
             YLR027c ALFDTAYQGF ATGDLDKDAY AVRLGV...E KLSTVSPVFV CQSFAKNAGM
                tyrB PFLDIAYQGF GAG.MEEDAY AIRAIA...S ..AGLP.ALV SNSFSKIFSL
               ZtyrB PFLDIAYQGF GAG.MEEDAY AIRAIA...S ..AGLP.ALV SNSFSKIFSL
             NMB1678 PFMDIAYQGF GGD.LDSDAY AVRKAV...E ..MELP.LFV SNSFSKNLSL
             NMA1937 PFMDIAYQGF GGD.LDSDAY AVRKAV...E ..MELP.LFV SNSFSKNLSL
              PA3139 PFLDIAYQGF GNG.IEEDAA AVRLFA...Q ..SGLS.FFV SSSFSKSFSL
              XF0036 PCIDLAYQGF NQG.IDADAY AIRLLA...E ..EGISNYVV ANSYSKSFSL
                aspC PLFDFAYQGF ARG.LEEDAE GLRAFA...A ..M.HKELIV ASSYSKNFGL
               ZaspC PLFDFAYQGF ARG.LEEDAE GLRAFA...A ..M.HKELIV ASSYSKNFGL
              VC1293 PLFDFAYQGF ASG.VEEDAA GLRIFA...K ..Y.NSEILV ASSFSKNFGL
              HI1617 PLFDFAYQGL ANG.LDEDAY GLRAFA...A ..N.HKELLV ASSFSKNFGL
              PM0621 PLFDFAYQGF ANG.LEEDAF GLRTFA...K ..N.HKELLV ASSYSKNFGL
             NMB0540 PLFDFAYQGF GNG.LEEDAY GLRVFL...K ..H.NTELLI ASSYSKNFGM
             NMA0719 PLFDFAYQGF GNG.LEEDAY GLRVFL...K ..H.NTELLI ASSYSKNFGM
             VCA0513 PFVDIAYQGF GDG.LEQDAQ GLRYMA...E ..R.MEEMLI TTSCSKNFGL
             mll0405 PFVDIAYQGF GDG.LEADAL GLRLLA...A ..K.VPEMVV ASSCSKNFAV
              PA0870 PLIDFAYQGF GDG.LEEDAW AVRLFA...G ..E.LPEVLV TSSCSKNFGL
               CT637 PFFDMAYLGF ASG.IEEDRR PVRLCI...E ...AGVTTFV AGGASKIFSL
             CPn0740 PFFDTAYQGF AHG.IELDRK PIEIFI...S ...EGNTVLV AASSSKNFAL
             YKL106w PIVDMAYQGL ESGNLLKDAY LLRLCLNVNK YPNWSNGIFL CQSFAKNMGL
           Consensus Pf.D.AYQGf ..G.le.Da. ..Rl.a.... .........v a.S.sKnfg$

                     301                                                350
09:43:59|GENSCAN_pre YGERAGAFTV LCSDE..... ....EE.... AARVMSQVKI LIRGLYSNPP
             YLR027c YGERVGCFHL ALTKQ..... ....AQNKTI KPAVTSQLAK IIRSEVSNPP
                tyrB YGERVGGLSV MCEDA..... ....EA.... AGRVLGQLKA TVRRNYSSPP
               ZtyrB YGERVGGLSV LCEDA..... ....EA.... AGRVLGQLKA TVRRNYSSPP
             NMB1678 YGERVGGLSV VCPNK..... ....EE.... ADLVFGQLKF TVRRIYSSPP
             NMA1937 YGERVGGLSV VCPNK..... ....EE.... ADLVFGQLKF TVRRIYSSPP
              PA3139 YGERVGALSI VTESR..... ....DE.... SARVLSQVKR VIRTNYSNPP
              XF0036 YGERVGGLSI VASNT..... ....EQ.... AQAIQSQVKR IIRTIYSSPS
                aspC YNERVGACTL VAADS..... ....ET.... VDRAFSQMKA AIRANYSNPP
               ZaspC YNERVGACTL VAADS..... ....ET.... VDRAFSQMKA AIRANYSNPP
              VC1293 YNERVGAFTL VAPST..... ....TV.... AETAFSQVKA IIRSIYSNPP
              HI1617 YNERVGAFTL VAENA..... ....EI.... ASTSLTQVKS IIRTLYSNPA
              PM0621 YSERVGAFTL VAETE..... ....QI.... AATALTQVKT IIRTLYSNPA
             NMB0540 YNERVGAFTL VAEDE..... ....ET.... AARAHSQVKT IIRTLYSNPA
             NMA0719 YNERVGAFTL VAEDE..... ....AT.... AARAHSQVKT IIRTLYSNPA
             VCA0513 YRERTGAAIV IGKNQ..... ....QE.... VTNARGKMLT LARSTYTMPP
             mll0405 YRDRVGAAMV LARDS..... ....AQ.... ADVAMSQMLS AARAMYSMPP
              PA0870 YRDRVGALIV CAQNA..... ....EK.... LTDLRSQLAF LARNLWSTPP
               CT637 YGSRVGFFGA IHQDK..... ....LD.... LNRILSFLEE QIRGEYSSPA
             CPn0740 YGERVGYFAV HSTFT..... ....DE.... LVKIHSFLEE KIRGEYSSPQ
             YKL106w YGERVGSLSV ITPATANNGK FNPLQQKNSL QQNIDSQLKK IVRGMYSSPP
           Consensus Yg#RvGa..v .......... .......... .....sqlk. .iR..yS.Pp
<skip>
```

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Structure/cdd/cdd.shtml

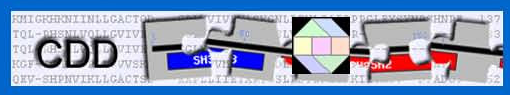
Conserved Domain

- recurring unit in molecular evolution, whose extents can be determined by sequence and structure analysis
- performs a particular function
- represented as a multiple local sequence alignment of proteins containing the domain

NCBI

Conserved Domain Database

Pfam SMART COG KOG PRK

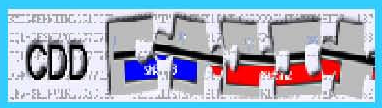


Curated CDs

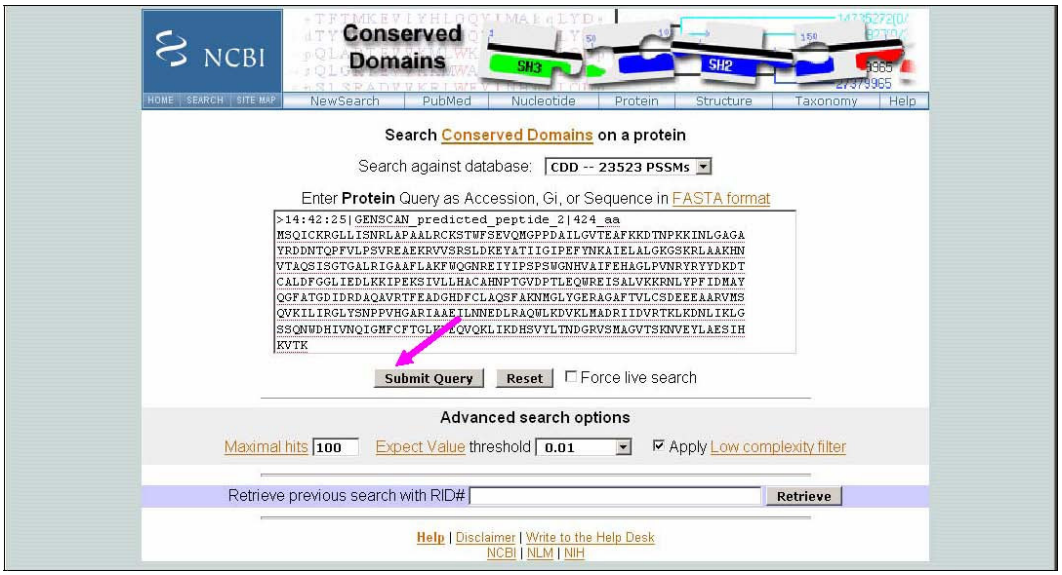
- A position-specific scoring matrix (PSSM) is calculated
- CD-Search can be used to search against the PSSMs
- Manual curation of CDs has begun

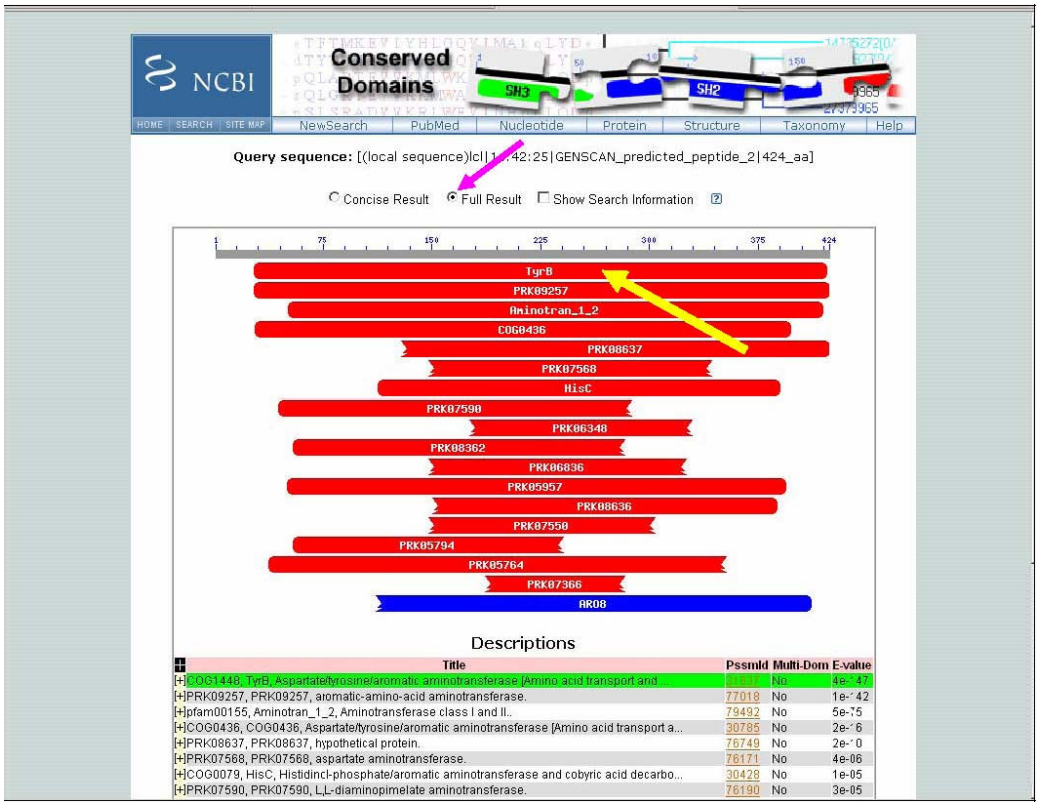
NCBI

To search for protein domains and view a model structure for your protein, click here:



NCBI's Conserved Domain Search allows you to match your protein sequence to conserved protein domains in the Conserved Domain Database, generate a multiple sequence alignment based on this match, and explore 3D modeling templates for your sequence.
Paste your protein sequence from GenScan into the CD-Search query box and run the search. From the search results page, generate a multiple sequence alignment for the top 10 sequences representitive of the conserved domain hit by clicking on the cartoon of the domain. To view a structure with Cn3D, click on the "+Structure" link, use the listbox to specify "up to 5" sequences and invoke Cn3D with a display of a 3D modeling template, and a multiple sequence alignment including your query sequence, by pressing the "Show Structure" button. Residues identical in your sequence and the structural template are shown in red. Locate the Prosite Motif you found earlier within the Cn3D alignment window by using View--Find Pattern. Use Style--Annotate from the Cn3D window to color the highlighted residues and show their side chains.


NCBI
Conserved Domains
SH3
SH2
HOME SEARCH SITE MAP
NewSearch PubMed Nucleotide Protein Structure Taxonomy Help
Search Conserved Domains on a protein
Search against database: CDD -- 23523 PSSMs
Enter Protein Query as Accession, Gi, or Sequence in FASTA format
>14:42:25|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
Submit Query
Reset
Force live search
Advanced search options
Maximal hits 100
Expect Value threshold 0.01
Apply Low complexity filter
Retrieve previous search with RID#
Retrieve
Help | Disclaimer | Write to the Help Desk
NCBI | NLM | NIH


NCBI
Conserved Domains
SH3
SH2
HOME SEARCH SITE MAP
NewSearch PubMed Nucleotide Protein Structure Taxonomy Help
Query sequence: [(local sequence)lcl|14:42:25|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa]
Concise Result
Full Result
Show Search Information
1 75 150 225 300 375 424
TyrB
PRK09257
Aminotran_1_2
COG0436
PRK08637
PRK07568
HisC
PRK07590
PRK06348
PRK08362
PRK06836
PRK05957
PRK08636
PRK07550
PRK05794
PRK05764
PRK07366
AR08
Descriptions
Title Pssmid Multi-Dom E-value
[+]COG1448, TyrB, Aspartate/tyrosine/aromatic aminotransferase [Amino acid transport and ... No 4e-47
[+]PRK09257, PRK09257, aromatic-amino-acid aminotransferase. 77018 No 1e-42
[+]pfam00155, Aminotran_1_2, Aminotransferase class I and II.. 79492 No 5e-75
[+]COG0436, COG0436, Aspartate/tyrosine/aromatic aminotransferase [Amino acid transport a... 30785 No 2e-6
[+]PRK08637, PRK08637, hypothetical protein. 76749 No 2e-0
[+]PRK07568, PRK07568, aspartate aminotransferase. 76171 No 4e-06
[+]COG0079, HisC, Histidinol-phosphate/aromatic aminotransferase and cobyric acid decarbo... 30428 No 1e-05
[+]PRK07590, PRK07590, L,L-diaminopimelate aminotransferase. 76190 No 3e-05

NCBI

Conserved Domains

HOME | SEARCH | SITE MAP

Entrez | CDD | Structure | Protein | Help

COG1448: **TyrB, with user query added**

Aspartate/tyrosine/aromatic aminotransferase [Amino acid transport and metabolism]

Links

Statistics

Structure View

Other Related Conserved Domains

COG0075 COG0079 COG0156 COG0436 COG0520 COG0626 COG1104 COG2008 COG3977
pfam01041 pfam04864 PRK01533 PRK02610 PRK03262 PRK03317 PRK03321 PRK03967 PRK04152
PRK04635 PRK04781 PRK04870 PRK05387 PRK05664 PRK05764 PRK05794 PRK05839 PRK05942
PRK05957 PRK06056 PRK06107 PRK06108 PRK06207 PRK06220 PRK06225 PRK06290 PRK06348
PRK06375 PRK06425 PRK06507 PRK06575 PRK06836 PRK06855 PRK06959 PRK07212 PRK07309
PRK07310 PRK07324 PRK07337 PRK07366 PRK07367 PRK07392 PRK07543 PRK07550 PRK07568
PRK07590 PRK07681 PRK07682 PRK07683 PRK07777 PRK07778 PRK07865 PRK08056 PRK08068
PRK08069 PRK08153 PRK08354 PRK08361 PRK08362 PRK08443 PRK08636 PRK08637 PRK08912
PRK08960 PRK09105 PRK09147 PRK09148 PRK09257 PRK09265 PRK09276 PRK09440 PRK12414
pfam00155

Sequence Alignment

Reformat | Format: Compact Hypertext | Row Display: up to 10 | Color Bits: 2.0 bits | Type Selection: the most similar members

```
3TAT_A        1 .[1].F     QKVDAYAGDPILTLMERFKEDPRSDKVNLSIGLYYNEDGIIPQLQAVAEAEARLNAQP.[1].GASLYL 67
query        26 .[1].F     SEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGAYRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRS     LDKEYA 91
1ARS          1 .[1].F     ENITAAPADPILGLADLFRADERPGKINLGIGVYKDETGKTPVLTSVKKAEQYLLENE     TTKNYL 66
1ART          1 .[1].F     ENITAAPADPILGLADLFRADERPGKINLGIGVYKDETGKTPVLTSVKKAEQYLLENE     TTKNYL 66
1QIS_A        1 .[1].F     ENITAAPADPILGLADLFRADERPGKINLGIGVYKDETGKTPVLTSVKKAEQYLLENE     TTKNYL 66
gi 1168262    1 .[1].F     EHIKAAPADPILGLGEAFKSETRENKINLGIGVYKDAQGTTPIMHAVKEAEKRLFDKE     KTKNYL 66
gi 15793696   2 .[1].F     KHIEAAPADPILGLGEAFKAETRPEKVNLGIGVYKDASGATPIVKAVKEAEKRLLESE     TTKNYL 67
gi 15676446   2 .[1].F     KHIEAAPADPILGLGEAFKAETRPEKVNLGIGVYKDASGATPLVKAVKEAEKRLLESE     TTKNYL 67
gi 17545729   3 .[1].F     SAVELAPRDPILGLNEAFNADARSTKVNLGVGVYFTDEGKIPVLRAVQEAEKARLAMA     APRGYL 68
gi 19112273  36 .[1].F.[3].ADVPMGPPDPIFGITEAYKKDGDVKKMNLGAGTYRDDAGKPYVLPSVRQAETELLSQK     LDKEYA 104

3TAT_A       68 PMEGLNCYRHAIAPLLFG.[1].DHPVLKQQRVATIQTLGGSGALKVGADFLKRY     FPESGVWVSDPTWENHVAIF 138
query        92 TIIGIPEFYNKAIELALG.[1].GSKRLAAKHNVTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKF.[1].QGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIF 163
1ARS         67 GIDGIPEFGRCTQELLFG.[1].GSALINDKRARTAQTPGGTGALRVAADFLAKN     TSVKRVWVSNPSWPNHKSVF 137
1ART         67 GIDGIPEFGRCTQELLFG.[1].GSALINDKRARTAQTPGGTGALRVAADFLAKN     TSVKRVWVSNPSWPNHKSVF 137
1QIS_A       67 GIDGIPEFGRCTQELLFG.[1].GSALINDKRARTAQTPGGTGALRVAADFLAKN     TSVKRVWVSNPSWPNHKSVF 137
gi 1168262   67 TIDGIADYNEQTKALLFG.[1].DSEVIQSNRARTVQSLGGTGALRIAAEFIKRQ     TKAQNVWISTPTWPNHNAIF 137
```

NCBI

Conserved Domains

HOME | SEARCH | SITE MAP | Entrez | CDD | Structure | Protein | Help

COG1448: TyrB, with user query added

Aspartate/tyrosine/aromatic aminotransferase [Amino acid transport and metabolism]

Links

Statistics

Structure View

Structure View

Program: Cn3D

Drawing: All Atoms

Aligned Rows: up to 10

Download Cn3D

Other Related Conserved Domains

COG0075	COG0079	COG0156	COG0436	COG0520	COG0626	COG1104	COG2008	COG3977
pfam01041	pfam04864	PRK01533	PRK02610	PRK03262	PRK03317	PRK03321	PRK03967	PRK04152
PRK04635	PRK04781	PRK04870	PRK05387	PRK05664	PRK05764	PRK05794	PRK05839	PRK05942
PRK05957	PRK06056	PRK06107	PRK06108	PRK06207	PRK06220	PRK06225	PRK06290	PRK06348
PRK06375	PRK06425	PRK06507	PRK06575	PRK06836	PRK06855	PRK06959	PRK07212	PRK07309
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pfam00155								

Sequence Alignment

Reformat | Format: Compact Hypertext | Row Display: up to 10 | Color Bits: 2.0 bits | Type Selection: the most similar members

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3TAT_A        1 .[1].F     QKVDAYAGDPILTLMERFKEDPRSDKVNLSIGLYYNEDGIIPQLQAVAEAEARLNAQP.[1].GASLYL 67
query        26 .[1].F     SEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGAYRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRS     LDKEYA 91
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gi 1168262    1 .[1].F     EHIKAAPADPILGLGEAFKSETRENKINLGIGVYKDAQGTTPIMHAVKEAEKRLFDKE     KTKNYL 66
gi 15793696   2 .[1].F     KHIEAAPADPILGLGEAFKAETRPEKVNLGIGVYKDASGATPIVKAVKEAEKRLLESE     TTKNYL 67
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gi 17545729   3 .[1].F     SAVELAPRDPILGLNEAFNADARSTKVNLGVGVYFTDEGKIPVLRAVQEAEKARLAMA     APRGYL 68
gi 19112273  36 .[1].F.[3].ADVPMGPPDPIFGITEAYKKDGDVKKMNLGAGTYRDDAGKPYVLPSVRQAETELLSQK     LDKEYA 104

3TAT_A      68 PMEGLNCYRHAIAPLLFG.[1].DHPVLKQQRVATIQTLGGSGALKVGADFLKRY     FPESGVWVSDPTWENHVAIF 138
query       92 TIIGIPEFYNKAIELALG.[1].GSKRLAAKHNVTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKF.[1].QGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIF 163
1ARS        67 GIDGIPEFGRCTQELLFG.[1].GSALINDKRARTAQTPGGTGALRVAADFLAKN     TSVKRVWVSNPSWPNHKSVF 137
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1QIS_A      67 GIDGIPEFGRCTQELLFG.[1].GSALINDKRARTAQTPGGTGALRVAADFLAKN     TSVKRVWVSNPSWPNHKSVF 137
gi 1168262  67 TIDGIADYNEQTKALLFG.[1].DSEVIQSNRARTVQSLGGTGALRIAAEFIKRQ     TKAQNVWISTPTWPNHNAIF 137
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CDD Descriptive Items

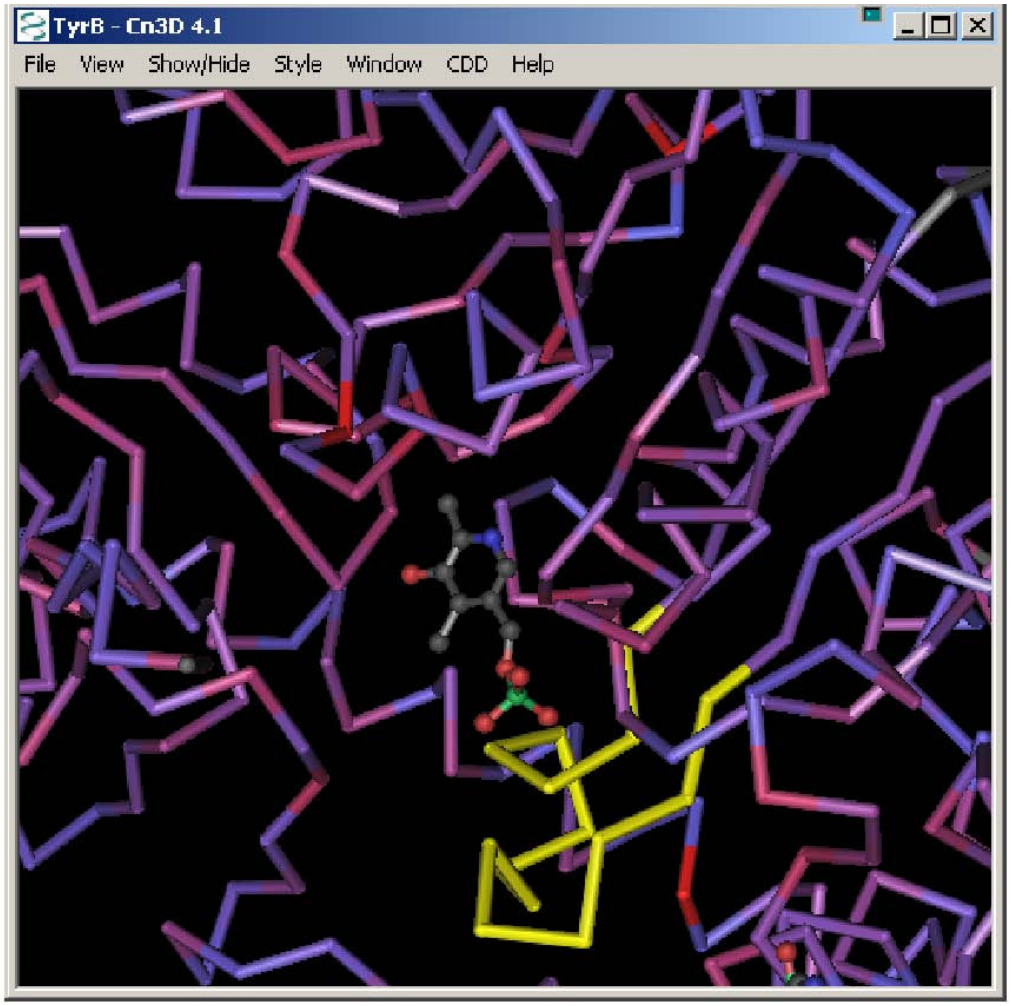
Name: TyrB

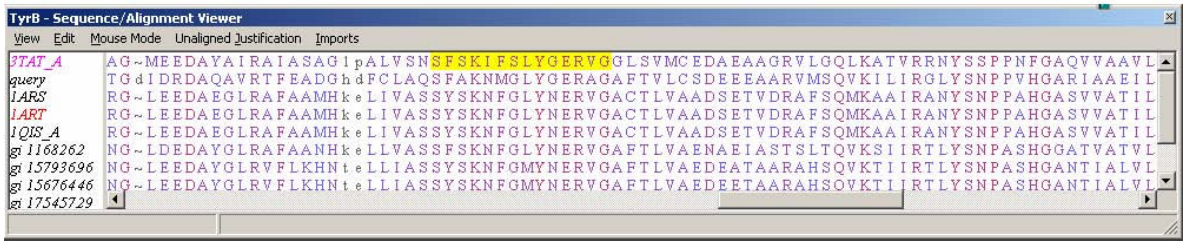
Aspartate/tyrosine/aromatic aminotransferase [Amino acid transport and metabolism]

Structure summary:

PDB 3TAT (MMDB 11042)
3TAT_A: gi 5822524 ([Escherichia coli] Chain A, Tyrosine Aminotransferase

Show Annotations Panel | Show References Panel | Dismiss


TyrB - Cn3D 4.1
File View Show/Hide Style Window CDD Help


TyrB - Sequence/Alignment Viewer
View Edit Mouse Mode Unaligned Justification Imports
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gi 1168262 NG~LDEDAYGLRAFAANHkeLLVASSFSKNFGLYNERVGAFTLVAENAEIASTSLTQVKSIIRTLYSNPASHGGATVATVL
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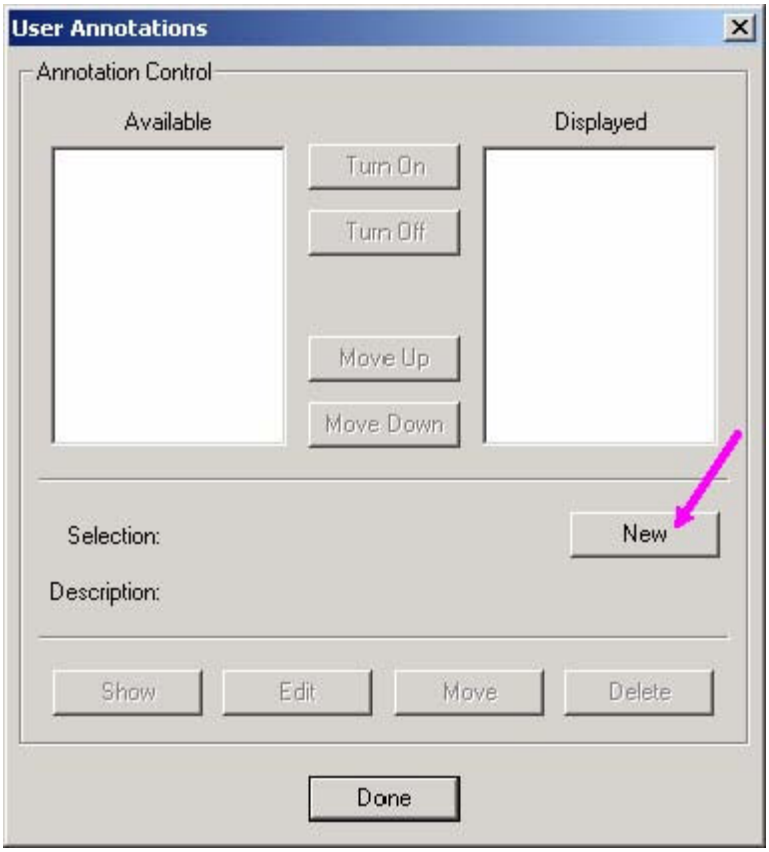
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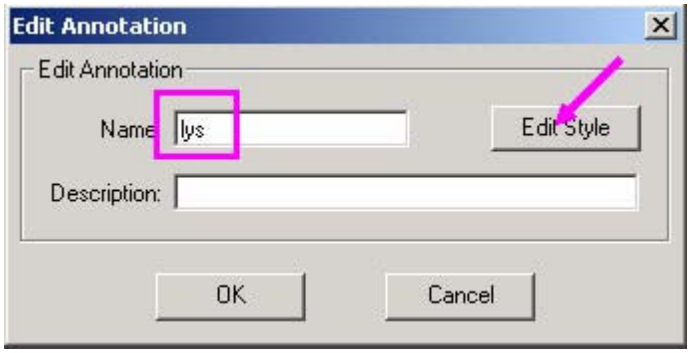
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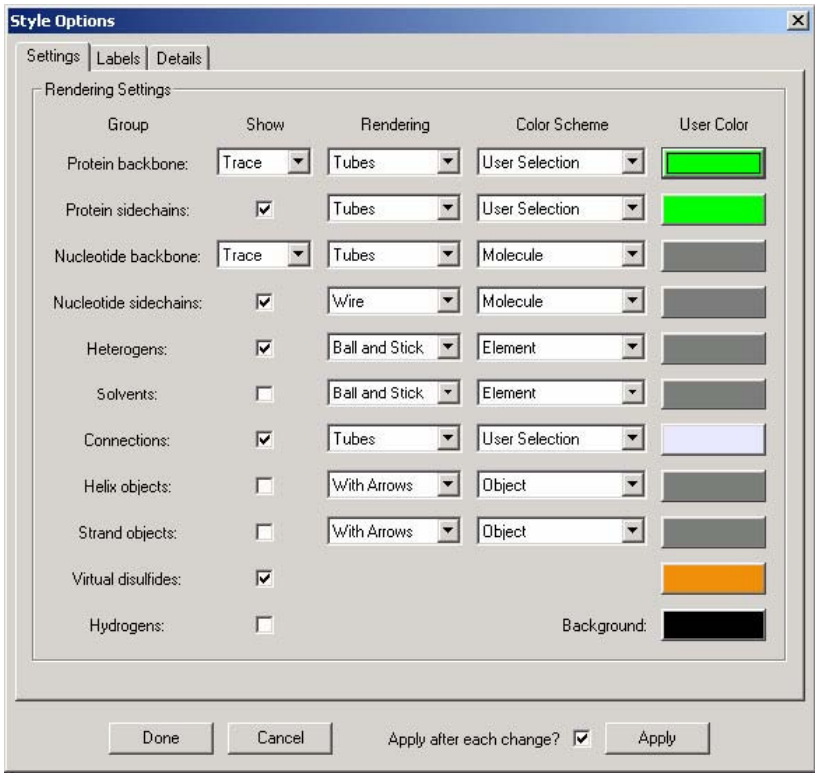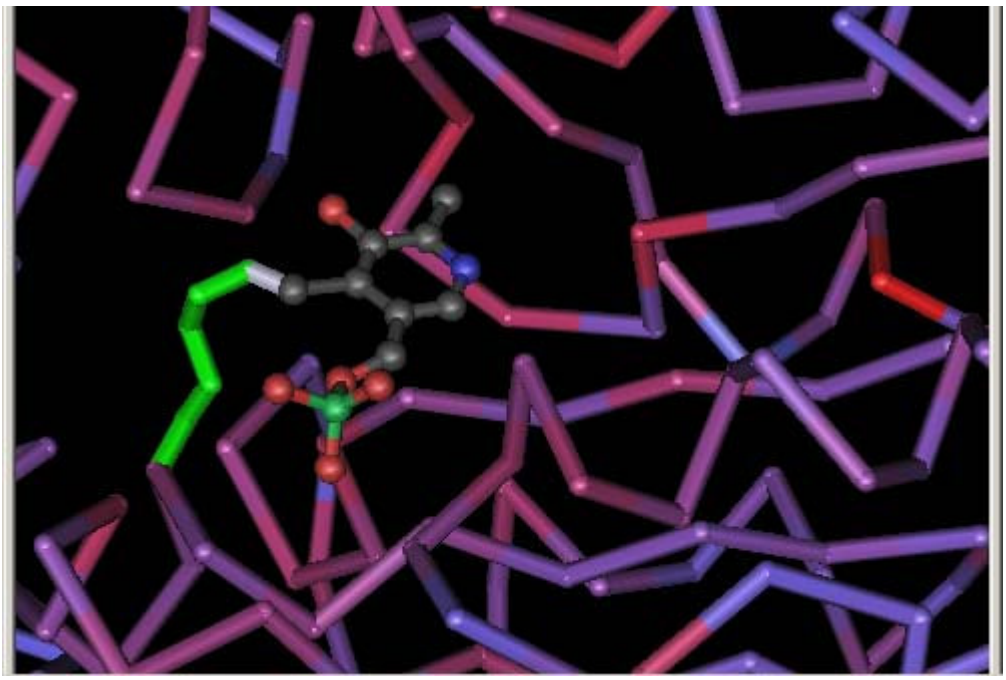
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Protein sidechains:
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User Selection
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Tubes
Molecule
Nucleotide sidechains:
Wire
Molecule
Heterogens:
Ball and Stick
Element
Solvents:
Ball and Stick
Element
Connections:
Tubes
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Helix objects:
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With Arrows
Object
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Hydrogens:
Background:
Done
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