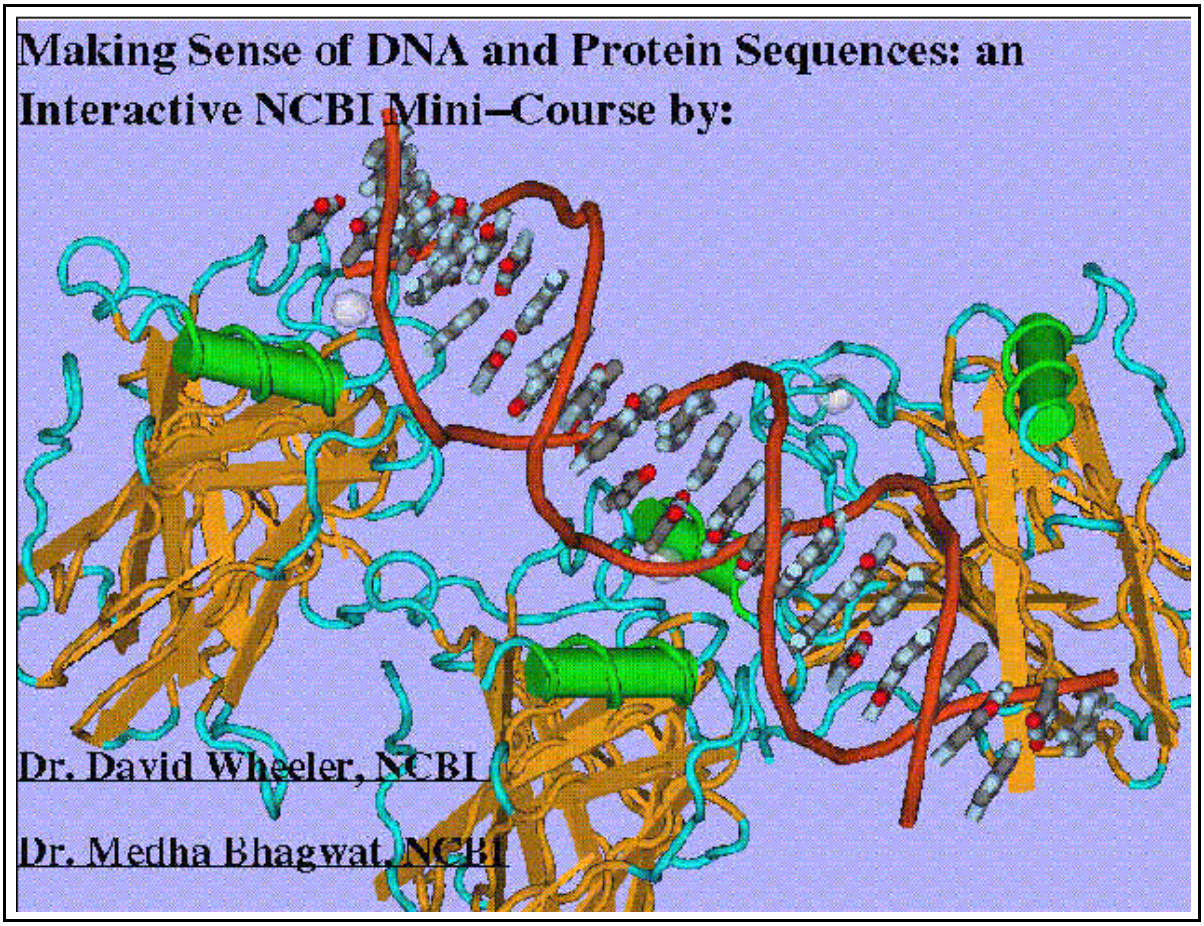
Making Sense of DNA and Protein Sequences: an Interactive NCBI Mini–Course by:



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Introduction:

In this course (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/), we will first try to make sense of the DNA sequence by determining whether it codes for a protein. If it does, then we will use this protein sequence to search for the presence of any motifs or structural domains present in it and also to predict its function. Finally, we will map the protein sequence onto the structure of a protein with similar sequence.

We recommend beginning with the uncharacterized *Drosophila melanogaster* genomic sequence from the GenBank record AE003584 found in the first electonic notebook, however, you can use another uncharacterized *Drosophila melanogaster* genomic sequence by choosing another notebook from the list below.

Electronic Notebook for Protein Sequence Analysis

The electronic notebook is a tutorial and analysis web-form consisting of a set of links to protein analysis tools combined with areas into which results and personal notes can be recorded. All the analysis tools open into a second "tools" window from which the results of an analysis can be pasted into the electronic notebook. The "Cheat now!" links open a third window in which a complete set of results have already been recorded. The electronic notebook can also be used to analyze a new DNA sequence by substituting the new sequence the original sequence found in the DNA sequence text area. The electronic notebooks used in this course are publicly accessible over the internet.

URLs Used:

1. **Class Page:** http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/
2. **GenScan:** http://genes.mit.edu/GENSCAN.html
3. **ScanProsite:** http://www.expasy.org/tools/scanprosite/
4. **BLASTP:** http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST
5. **COGs:** http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/COG/old/
6. **MultAlin:** http://prodes.toulouse.inra.fr/multalin/multalin.html
7. **CDD:** http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Structure/cdd/wrpsb.cgi

NoteBooks:

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/x1a.html
http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Class/minicourses/x2a.html

Outline

Making Sense of DNA and Protein Sequences
Eukaryotic DNA query (Drosophila genome)
Predict coding region/exons (GenScan)
Obtain protein product (GenScan)
Identify motif/site (ScanProsite)
Search for similar sequences (BLASTp)
Predict function (COG)
Perform multiple sequence alignment (Multalin)
Obtain 3-D structural template (CDD)

To identify any exons in the DNA sequence and generate a predicted protein sequence, click here:

GenScan

Paste your DNA sequence into the GenScan input window. Press the *"Run Genscan"* button. Select the protein translation with the highest exon P–values and paste this FASTA formatted output into your notebook.

Protein Sequence from Genscan

The New GENSCAN Web Server at MIT

Identification of complete gene structures in genomic DNA

```
                \\|//
                (o o)
-. .-.   .-oOOo~(_)~oOOo-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-. .-.   .-
||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||X|||\ /|||
|/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/ \|||X|||/
'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'   `-' `-'
```

For information about Genscan, click here

This server provides access to the program Genscan for predicting the locations and exon-intron structures of genes in genomic sequences from a variety of organisms.

This server can accept sequences up to 1 million base pairs (1 Mbp) in length. If you have trouble with the web server or if you have a large number of sequences to process, request a local copy of the program (see instructions at the bottom of this page) or use the GENSCAN email server. If your browser (*e.g.*, Lynx) does not support file upload or multipart forms, use the older version.

Organism: Vertebrate Suboptimal exon cutoff (optional): 1.00

Sequence name (optional):

Print options: Predicted peptides only

Upload your DNA sequence file (one-letter code, upper or lower case, spaces/numbers ignored):

Browse...

Or paste your DNA sequence here (one-letter code, upper or lower case, spaces/numbers ignored):

```
   239041 gctcctgtct gaacgatcca gcgcgatgtt gatcaccgcc ttgttgtcat
catccacaat
   239101 gatggtgacg ttgacatggg ttttgttgcc gtaattgagg cgcctgaagt
ggaagtccct
   239161 atgcagaaac ttcggatgga tgttgcactc cagatgctga ttgctaaaac
gaaagctgcc
   239221 aaagctcagg accatggctt ggatgactcc cgaagctccc gctcgaataa
gattgtggca
   239281 gccctgtttc tccaacgtta gcatccacga cgtaaccagg gagttaagct
gctgaagatt
   239341 agacatctcg cgccaaagat tctccgcctg cagagtgtga tacgaatcgt
agcagccttc
```

To have the results mailed to you, enter your email address here (optional):

Run GENSCAN Clear Input

GENSCAN 1.0 Date run: 19-Jan-107 Time: 08:28:26

Sequence 08:28:21 : 5100 bp : 46.29% C+G : Isochore 2 (43 - 51 C+G%)

Parameter matrix: HumanIso.smat

Predicted genes/exons:

Gn.Ex	Type	S	.Begin	...End	.Len	Fr	Ph	I/Ac	Do/T	CodRg	P....	Tscr..
1.01	Sngl	+	27	458	432	2	0	48	49	383	0.447	24.68
1.02	PlyA	+	489	494	6							1.05
2.00	Prom	+	830	869	40							-6.86
2.01	Init	+	1002	1069	68	2	2	53	89	83	0.970	3.88
2.02	Intr	+	2549	2708	160	2	1	72	105	284	0.980	28.49

2.03	Intr	+	2771	2872	102	1	0	10	86	251	0.999	17.47
2.04	Intr	+	2935	3183	249	0	0	73	100	586	0.999	55.93
2.05	Term	+	3253	3948	696	0	0	90	49	1324	0.999	122.25
2.06	PlyA	+	4120	4125	6							1.05
3.04	PlyA	-	4162	4157	6							-0.45
3.03	Term	-	4448	4261	188	0	2	37	42	95	0.922	-2.55
3.02	Intr	-	4635	4511	125	2	2	44	90	91	0.949	5.13
3.01	Init	-	5046	4694	353	0	2	66	43	485	0.897	38.43

Click here to view a PDF image of the predicted gene(s)

Click here for a PostScript image of the predicted gene(s)

Predicted peptide sequence(s):

```
>08:28:21|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_1|143_aa
MPRTLPWTTVFTAVASSARAKSMEKLTVVFLLRMHSALVVSQPSMATRVNLPVFDPQSLN
SRAPAKTTSAAQAITAYLSIFFHLIELQGKRIGWLFRWLSPLSASSQRYESTKSGESPKT
TQSFRMNGKQLRAATQKKAFFDD

>08:28:21|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGA
YRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNKAIELALGKGSKRLAAKHN
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDT
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAY
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMS
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLG
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIH
KVTK

>08:28:21|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_3|221_aa
MSNLQQLNSLVTSWMLTLEKQGCHNLIRAGASGVIQAMVLSFGSFRFSNQHLECNIHPKF
LHRDFHFRRLNYGNKTHVNVTIIVDDDNKAVINIALDRSDRSYYACDGGCLDEPVLLTQN
RRQFPVKLTEPLTAILYITEDKQHMEELHHAIHVKEVVEAPAHEQHLIALHRHGHQLGGL
PTLFWVSVCAIIIVFHIFLCKLIIKEYCEPSDKLRYRYNKP
```

To scan the protein sequence for the occurrence of motifs/patterns found in the PROSITE database, use:

ScanProsite

Paste the raw (leave off the fasta defline) protein sequence from GenScan into the ScanProsite input box, choose to ***Exclude patterns with a high probability of occurrence***, and press the ***"Start the Scan"*** button. Paste the ScanProsite hit into your notebook. To see the Prosite summary for the hit, click on the PDOCxxxx number.

Hit from ScanProsite

Prosite pattern

Prosite Summary

ScanProsite

The ScanProsite tool [Help] allows to scan protein sequence(s) (either from UniProt Knowledgebase (Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL) or PDB or provided by the user) for the occurrence of patterns, profiles and rules (motifs) stored in the PROSITE database, or to search protein database(s) for hits by specific motif(s) [Reference / Download ps_scan, the standalone version]. The program PRATT can be used to generate your own patterns. You may either:

- Enter one or more PROSITE accession numbers and/or patterns [1 by line] to search the UniProt Knowledgebase (Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL) and/or PDB databases, **OR**
- Enter one or more sequences [raw, Swiss-Prot or fasta format] and/or UniProt Knowledgebase (Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL) accession numbers and/or PDB accession numbers [1 by line] to be scanned with all patterns, profiles, rules in PROSITE, **OR**
- Fill in both fields to find all occurrences of specified motifs in specified sequences.

Protein(s) to be scanned:

Enter one or more Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL accession number(s) [AC] (e.g. **P00747**) and/or sequence identifier(s) [ID] (e.g. **ENTK_HUMAN**) , and/or PDB identifier, and/or paste **your own protein sequence(s)** in the box below:
(leave this box blank to scan PROSITE entrie(s) against selected protein databases)

```
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTI
YRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNK.
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAII
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWRE:
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERA(
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMAI
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRV:
KVTK
```

Clear

PROSITE pattern(s)/profile(s) to scan for:

Enter one or more PROSITE accession number(s) (e.g. **PS50240**), and/or identifier(s) (e.g. **CHEB**), and/or type **your pattern(s)** in PROSITE format in the box below:
(leave this box blank to scan sequence(s) against the entire PROSITE database)

and specify your search limits (only used if no protein data specified) **:**

- **Protein database(s):** ☑ Swiss-Prot ☐ TrEMBL
  ☐ PDB databases
  ☑ including splice variants
  randomize databases no (only

Clear

General options:

☑ Exclude motifs with a high probability of occurrence
☐ Show low level score
☐ Do not scan profiles [User Manual]

Show only sequences with at least [ ] hit(s)
Maximum of matched sequences
1000

Output format Graphical rich view

☐ Retrieve complete sequences

Your e-mail (optional): [ ] (will send results by e-mail)

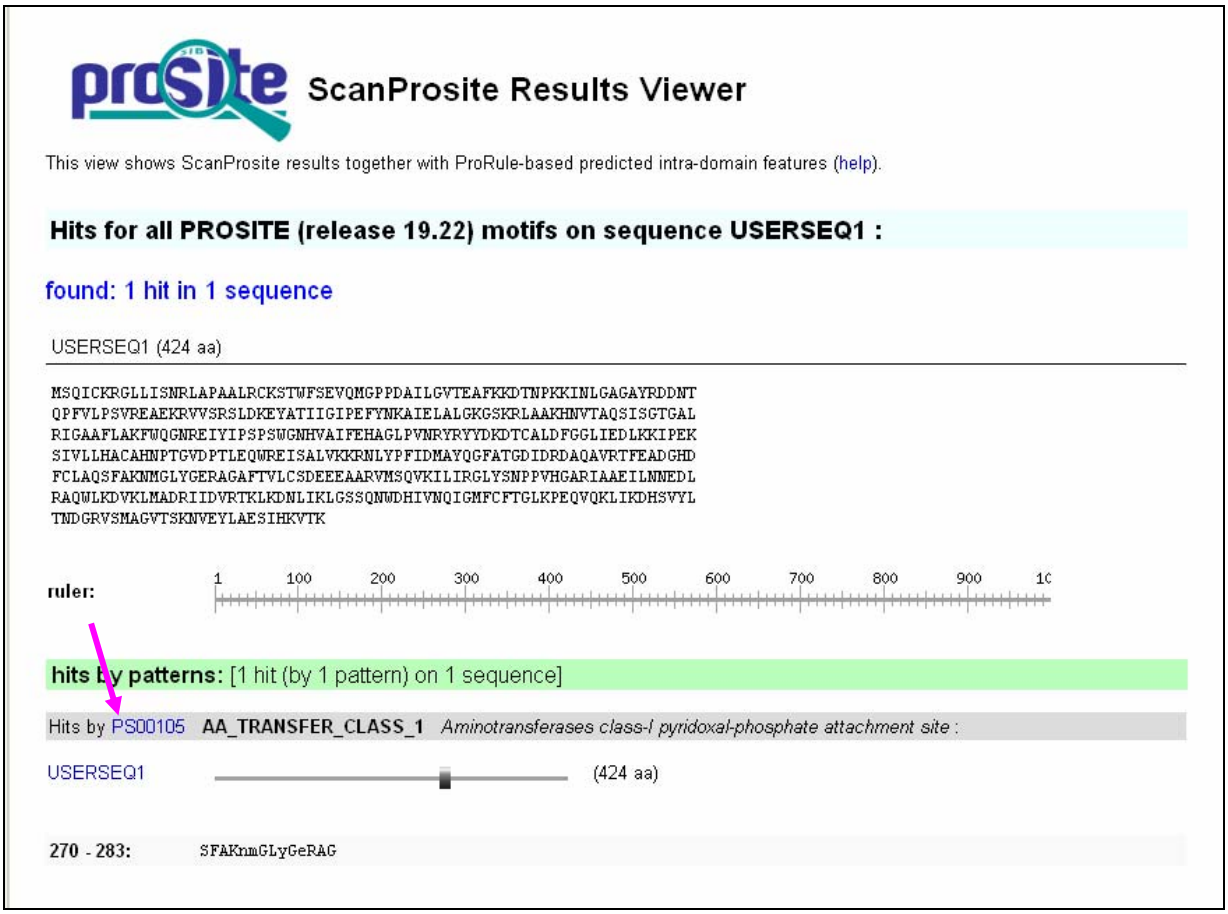
START THE SCAN reset

☐ PDB databases
☑ including splice variants
randomize databases no (only with patterns, see help)

- Taxonomic lineage (OC) / species (OS) filter:
  (see NEWT Taxonomy ; separate multiple taxa/species with a semicolon, e.g. *Eukaryota; Escherichia coli;* . Does not work on PDB sequences.)
- Description (DE) filter: [ ] e.g. *protease*

pattern options:

Allow at most 1 X sequence characters to match a conserved position in the pattern
match mode greedy, overlaps, no includes (for patterns, see help)



ScanProsite Results Viewer

This view shows ScanProsite results together with ProRule-based predicted intra-domain features (help).

Hits for all PROSITE (release 19.22) motifs on sequence USERSEQ1 :

found: 1 hit in 1 sequence

USERSEQ1 (424 aa)

```
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGAYRDDNT
QPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNKAIELALGKGSKRLAAKHNVTAQSISGTGAL
RIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDTCALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEK
SIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAYQGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHD
FCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMSQVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDL
RAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLGSSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYL
TNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIHKVTK
```

ruler: 1 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 10

hits by patterns: [1 hit (by 1 pattern) on 1 sequence]

Hits by PS00105 **AA_TRANSFER_CLASS_1** *Aminotransferases class-I pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site* :

USERSEQ1 (424 aa)

270 - 283: SFAKnmGLyGeRAG

Aminotransferases class-I pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site

Description:

Aminotransferases share certain mechanistic features with other pyridoxal-phosphate dependent enzymes, such as the covalent binding of the pyridoxal-phosphate group to a lysine residue. On the basis of sequence similarity, these various enzymes can be grouped [1,2] into subfamilies. One of these, called class-I, currently consists of the following enzymes:

- Aspartate aminotransferase (AAT) (EC 2.6.1.1). AAT catalyzes the reversible transfer of the amino group from L-aspartate to 2-oxoglutarate to form oxaloacetate and L-glutamate. In eukaryotes, there are two AAT isozymes: one is located in the mitochondrial matrix, the second is cytoplasmic. In prokaryotes, only one form of AAT is found (gene aspC).
- Tyrosine aminotransferase (EC 2.6.1.5) which catalyzes the first step in tyrosine catabolism by reversibly transferring its amino group to 2- oxoglutarate to form 4-hydroxyphenylpyruvate and L-glutamate.
- Aromatic aminotransferase (EC 2.6.1.57) involved in the synthesis of Phe, Tyr, Asp and Leu (gene tyrB).
- 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylate synthase (EC 4.4.1.14) (ACC synthase) from plants. ACC synthase catalyzes the first step in ethylene biosynthesis.
- Pseudomonas denitrificans cobC, which is involved in cobalamin biosynthesis.
- Yeast hypothetical protein YJL060w.

The sequence around the pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site of this class of enzyme is sufficiently conserved to allow the creation of a specific pattern.

Last update:
April 2006 / Pattern and text revised.

Technical section:

PROSITE method (with tools and information) covered by this documentation:

AA_TRANSFER_CLASS_1, PS00105; **Aminotransferases class-I pyridoxal-phosphate attachment site** (PATTERN)

Consensus pattern:	**[GS] - [LIVMFYTAC] - [GSTA] - K - x(2) - [GSALVN] - [LIVMFA] - x - [GNAR] - {V} - R - [LIVMA] - [GA]** *K is the pyridoxal-P attachment site*
Sequences known to belong to this class detected by the pattern:	ALL
Other sequence(s) detected in Swiss-Prot:	1

To search for proteins with similar sequences, use:

BLAST

Run a BLASTp search against the SwissProt database by pasting the protein sequence from GenScan into the input box on the Advanced BLAST page. Choose the SwissProt database from the database listbox and the ***"blastp"*** program from the program listbox, then press the ***"Submit"*** button. Format your results as "Flat query anchored with identities" and paste this alignment into your notebook.

BLASTP Alignment (against SwissProt)

NCBI

protein–protein BLAST

Nucleotide | Protein | Translations | Retrieve results for an RID

Search

```
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDT
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAY
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMS
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLG
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIH
KVTK
```

Set subsequence From: To:

Choose database swissprot

Do CD-Search

Now: BLAST! or Reset query Reset all

Options for advanced blasting

Limit by entrez query AND All organisms

Compositional adjustments Composition-based statistics

Choose filter Low complexity Mask for lookup table only Mask lower case

Expect 10

Word Size 3

Matrix BLOSUM62 Gap Costs Existence: 11 Extension: 1

NCBI

formatting **BLAST**

Nucleotide Protein Translations Retrieve results for an RID

Your request has been successfully submitted and put into the Blast Queue.

Query = 09:35:17|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa(424 letters)

The request ID is 1170341293-21862-108293141397.BLASTQ4

Format! or Reset all

The results are estimated to be ready in 13 seconds but may be done sooner.

Please press "FORMAT!" when you wish to check your results. You may change the formatting options for your result via
again. You may also request results of a different search by entering any other valid request ID to see other recent jobs.

Format

Show ☑ Graphical Overview ☐ Linkout ☐ Sequence Retrieval ☑ NCBI-gi Alignment in HTML format

☐ CDS feature

☐ New View

Masking Character Lower Case Masking Color Grey

Number of: Descriptions 100 Alignments 50 Graphic overview 100

Alignment view Pairwise

Pairwise
Pairwise with identities
query-anchored with identities
query-anchored without identities
flat query-anchored with identities
flat query-anchored without identities
Hit Table

Format for PSI-BLAST

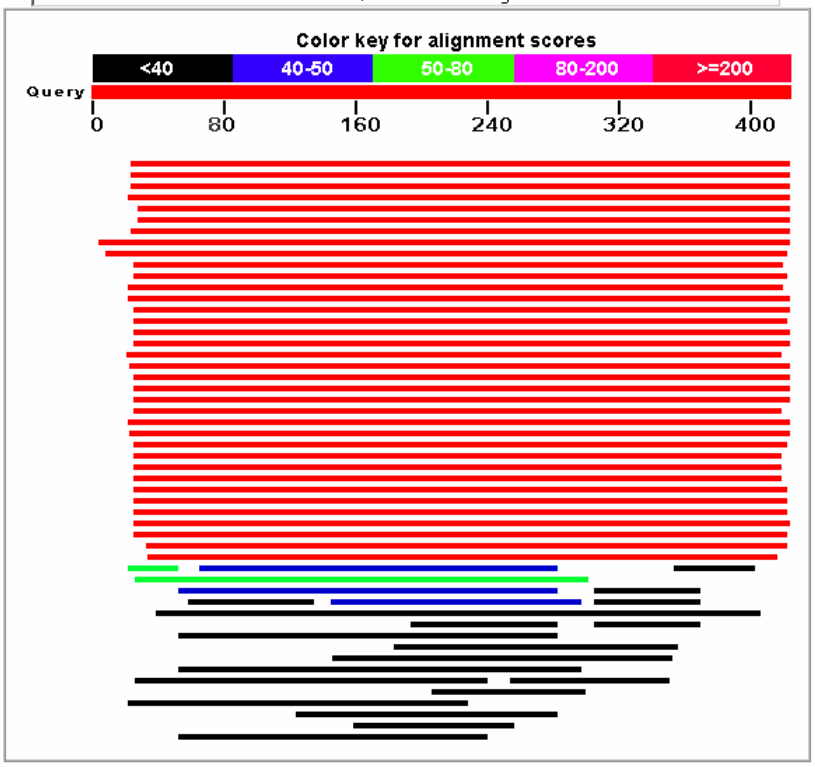
Limit results by entrez query AND All organisms

Taxonomy reports

Query= 13:39:01|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
Length=424

Distribution of 59 Blast Hits on the Query Sequence

Mouse-over to show defline and scores, click to show alignments

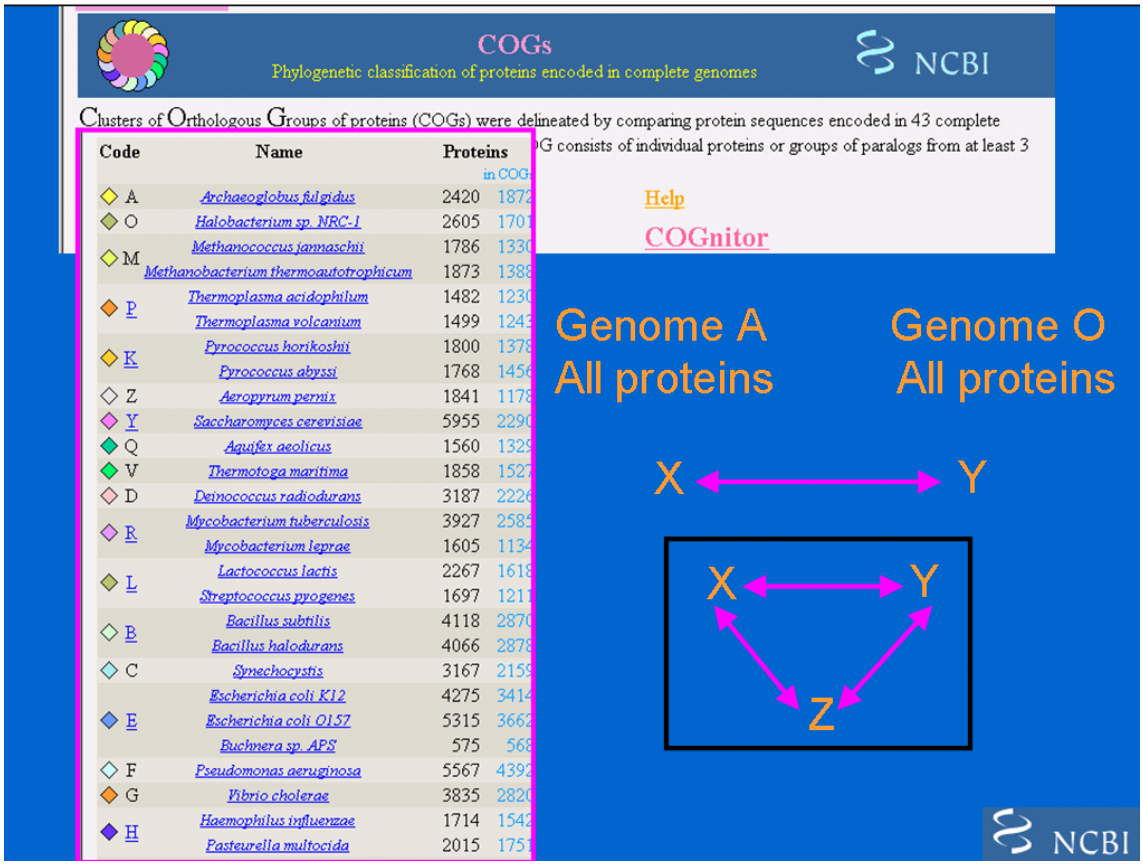


Distance tree of results NEW

Sequences producing significant alignments:		Score (Bits)	E Value
gi|112983|sp|P00505|AATM_HUMAN	Aspartate aminotransferase, mi...	563	4e-160
gi|112984|sp|P05202|AATM_MOUSE	Aspartate aminotransferase, mi...	562	9e-160

```
14285339    164  -----KAV.INSP-N.....--VYR-R.FLEGLVR.A....F.IIS.EV.DSLVYT.EFT  214
112988      167  -----KAVIINSP-S....M--VY.-R.ELED.AKIALEN.ILIVS.EI.E           208
85541648    165                .....A--RF.-.DEIVAVADRTDEDT.V-LV.E..-----.EFTE  201

Query       251  ------DAQAVR------TFE---ADGH----D-FCL-AQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLC  289
112983      257  ------..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C..Y..........V....MV.  295
112984      257  ------..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C..Y..........V.....V.  295
112987      257  ------..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C..Y..........V.....V.  295
112982      228  ------..W...------Y.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C..Y..........V....MV.  266
112985      257  ------..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C..Y..........V.....V.  295
1168261     257  ------..W...------H.I---EQ.I----N-V..-C..Y..........V.....V.  295
112981      250  ------..W.L.------H.I---EQ.I----.-VV.-S..Y................I.  288
1168256     255  ------..KSI.------I.L---E...----H-IGI-S..Y........Q.V.CLS...  293
2506178     242  ------...P..------L.V---...G----E-LLV-...Y..........V..LSIVS  280
21542386    229  ------...S..------..V---...G----E-CLI-...Y..........V..LSIV.  267
1168258     273  ------..KPI.------M.V---...G----E-CLV-...Y..........V..LSIV.  311
112972      229  ------...S..------I.V---...G----E-CLA-...Y..........V..LSIV.  267
584706      231  ------...S..------M.V---...G----E-LLM-...Y..........V..LSIV.  269
112971      236  ------..W...------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-....S..F...N..V.NLS.VG  274
21542387    227  ------......------M.V---...G----E-CLI-...Y..........I.SL.IV.  265
5902703     237  ------..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-.FC-....S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
112976      237  ------..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-....S..F...N..V.NL..VA  275
20532373    276  ------..AS..------L.A---ER.M----E-.FV-...YS..L...A..I..IN.V.  314
122065118   237  ------..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-....S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
112973      236  ------..W...------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-....S..F...N..V.NL..VA  274
122065117   237  ------..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-....S..F...N..V.NL..VA  275
112975      237  ------..W.I.------Y.V---SE.F----E-LFC-....S..F...N..V.NL..VG  275
112979      277  ------..AS..------L.V---.R.L----E-VLV-...YS..L...A..I..IN.IS  315
1703040     230  ------..Y...LGVE--KLS---TVSP----V-.-V-C......A.M....V.C.HLAL  271
2492843     229  ------..W.I.------Y.V---DQ.M----E-MVV-S......F...N..V.NL..VV  267
1168262     224  ------..YGL.------A.A---.NHK----E-LLV-.S..S..F...N..V....LVA  262
112989      224  ------..EGL.------A.A---.MHK----E-LIV-.S.YS..F...N..V..C.LVA  262
17433702    224  ------..EGL.------A.A---.LHK----E-LIV-.S.YS..F...N..V..C.LVA  262
20137200    224  ------..EGL.------A.A---.LHK----E-LIV-.S.YS..F...N..V..C.LVA  262
12230871    226  ------..A...------L.A---QS.L----S-.FV-SS..S.SFS.....V..LSIVT  264
20141944    225  ------..YVI.------AIA---SA.L----P-ALV-SN..S.IFS.....V.GLS.V.  263
136593      225  ------..Y.I.------AIA---SA.L----P-ALV-SN..S.IFS.....V.GLS.M.  263
83300284    258  ------..YLL.LCLNVNKYP---NWSN----G-IF.-C............V.SLS.IT  302
12230956    225  ------..W...------L.A---GELP----E-VLV-TS.CS..F...RD.V..LI.CA  263
6136085     221  ------..AGT.------LIA---SRIP----E-VLI-.A.CS..F.I.R..T.CLLA..  259
399090      220  ------.VAGL.------HLL---GVVP----E-ALV-.V.CS.SF...R.....IFART  258
6224986     218  ------VSP.SF------SD.---VKNI----T-.TV--NA.S.SYSMT.W.I.--Y.A.  253
3183545     210  ------PHYSIA------.YL---R.------Q-TIV-INGLS.SHSMT.W.I.        240
14285338    213  YSIASL.GMFE.------.IT---VN.--------------.S.TFAMT.W.L.        243
74519992    200  ------EKPSK.------PLL---S.RD----.-VA.-LRT.S.AY..A.I.L.-YA.VP  237
76364069    222  ------SVLE----------D---P.WK----N-.SIYVNG.S.TFSMT.W.L.YVVA--  255
21759150    166  ------------------S.S---V.AE----N-VVI-.RT.S.AF..ANL.I.        192
14285336    214  ------..KHYP------MIK---FAPE----N-TI.-.N..S.TFAMT.W.L.        246
21759149    188  ------KIEM..--------------.YN----N-LIV-LR..S.FF..A.M.V.--YAV.  220
112990      218  ------EGKMRS------.L.D--S.WR----.-.LIYVNG.S.TFSMT.W.L.YIVA--  256
14285339    215  ------SILD.--------------SE.F----.RIVY-ING.S.SHSMT.W.V.---Y.I  247
85541648    202  ------TPS..T------L.DGQP.G..APRD.-IAV-LRT.S.AY..A.I.L.YAV.PD  247
```


COGs
Phylogenetic classification of proteins encoded in complete genomes
NCBI
Clusters of Orthologous Groups of proteins (COGs) were delineated by comparing protein sequences encoded in 43 complete
G consists of individual proteins or groups of paralogs from at least 3
Help
COGnitor
Code
Name
Proteins
in COG
A Archaeoglobus fulgidus 2420
O Halobacterium sp. NRC-1 2605
M Methanococcus jannaschii 1786
Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum 1873
P Thermoplasma acidophilum 1482
Thermoplasma volcanium 1499
K Pyrococcus horikoshii 1800
Pyrococcus abyssi 1768
Z Aeropyrum pernix 1841
Y Saccharomyces cerevisiae 5955
Q Aquifex aeolicus 1560
V Thermotoga maritima 1858
D Deinococcus radiodurans 3187
R Mycobacterium tuberculosis 3927
Mycobacterium leprae 1605
L Lactococcus lactis 2267
Streptococcus pyogenes 1697
B Bacillus subtilis 4118
Bacillus halodurans 4066
C Synechocystis 3167
E Escherichia coli K12 4275
Escherichia coli O157 5315
Buchnera sp. APS 575
F Pseudomonas aeruginosa 5567
G Vibrio cholerae 3835
H Haemophilus influenzae 1714
Pasteurella multocida 2015
Genome A
All proteins
Genome O
All proteins
X
Y
X
Y
Z
NCBI

To search against the COGs database, click here:

COGs

Clusters of Orthologous Groups of proteins (COGs) were delineated by comparing protein sequences encoded in 43 complete genomes, representing 30 major phylogenetic lineages. Each COG consists of individual proteins or groups of paralogs from at least 3 lineages and thus corresponds to an ancient conserved domain. Use the COGnitor to compare the protein sequence to the COGs database.

Paste the FASTA formatted protein sequence from GenScan into the COGnitor input box and press the ***"compare to COGs"*** button. Click on the link to the highest-scoring COG and click on the disk icon to save the sequences in the COG to a local file on your desktop to be used as input to Multalin below. Drag this file from your desktop onto your "tools" browser window to display the sequences. Then copy and paste these into your notebook under "COGs FASTA Sequences".

COGs FASTA Sequences

Updated version

COGs

Phylogenetic classification of proteins encoded in complete genomes

Clusters of Orthologous Groups of proteins (COGs) were delineated by comparing protein sequences encoded in 43 complete gen representing 30 major phylogenetic lineages. Each COG consists of individual proteins or groups of paralogs from at least 3 lineages corresponds to an ancient conserved domain.

Science 1997 Oct 24;278(5338):631-7,
Nucleic Acids Res 2001 Jan 1; 29(1):22-28.

Help

COGnitor

Protein/Gene name:

Text search:

Code	Name	Proteins	in COGs
A	*Archaeoglobus fulgidus*	2420	1872
O	*Halobacterium sp. NRC-1*	2605	1701
M	*Methanococcus jannaschii*	1786	1330
	Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum	1873	1388
P	*Thermoplasma acidophilum*	1482	1230
	Thermoplasma volcanium	1499	1243
K	*Pyrococcus horikoshii*	1800	1378
	Pyrococcus abyssi	1768	1456
Z	*Aeropyrum pernix*	1841	1178
Y	*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*	5955	2290
Q	*Aquifex aeolicus*	1560	1329
V	*Thermotoga maritima*	1858	1527
D	*Deinococcus radiodurans*	3187	2226
R	*Mycobacterium tuberculosis*	3927	2585
	Mycobacterium leprae	1605	1134
L	*Lactococcus lactis*	2267	1618
	Streptococcus pyogenes	1697	1211
B	*Bacillus subtilis*	4118	2870
	Bacillus halodurans	4066	2878
C	*Synechocystis*	3167	2159

Principal component analysis of genomes

List of COGs

Distribution

Co-occurrences

Phylogenetic patterns

Phylogenetic patterns search

Functional categories

J K L

D O M N P T

G C E F H I Q

R S

Pathways and functional systems

FTP

COGnitor

Compare your sequence to COG database

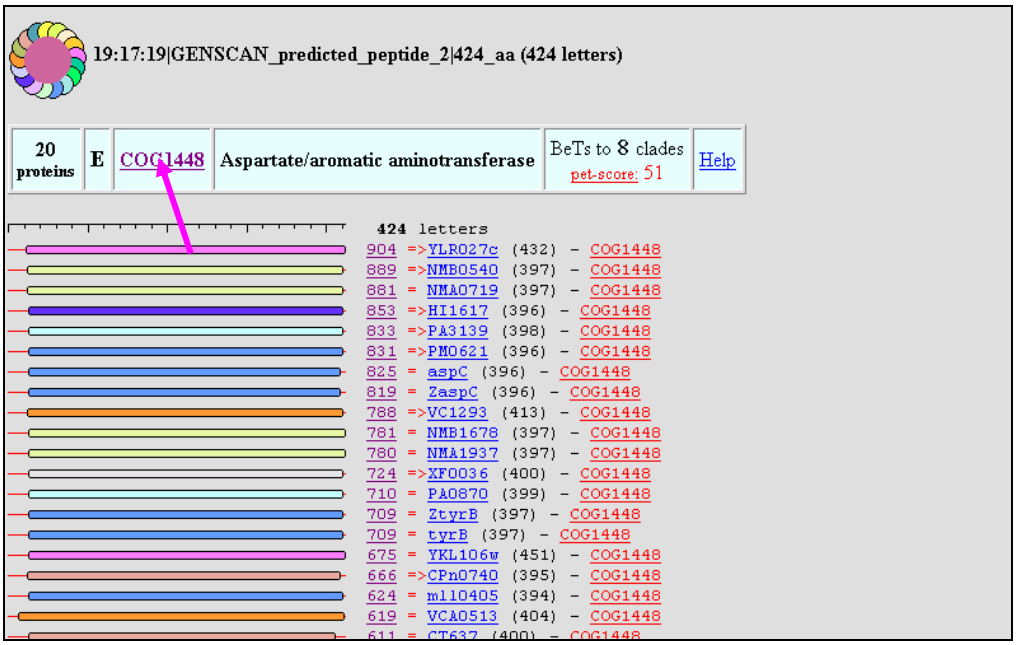
compare to COGs | Clear | BeTs to 3 clades

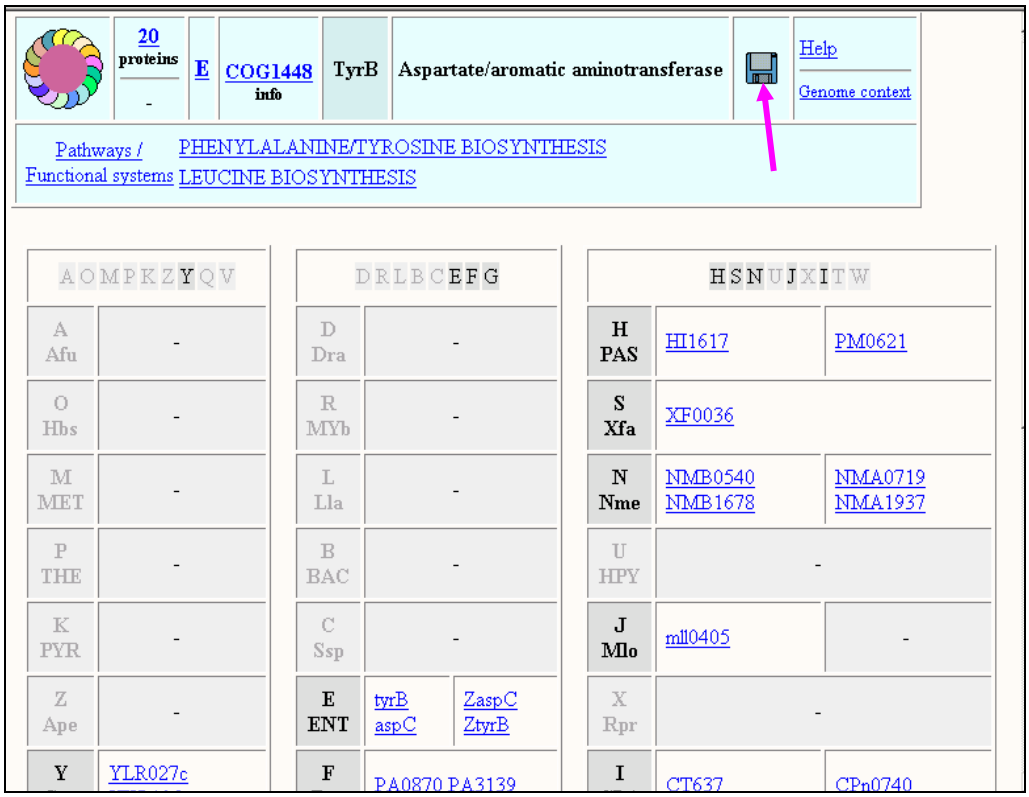
Help

Example

Paste your sequence and press the button above.

```
>13:07:45|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGA
YRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNKAIELALGKGSKRLAAKHN
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDT
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAY
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMS
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLG
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIH
KVTK
```


19:17:19|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa (424 letters)
20 proteins
E
COG1448
Aspartate/aromatic aminotransferase
BeTs to 8 clades
pet-score: 51
Help
424 letters
904 =>YLR027c (432) - COG1448
889 =>NMB0540 (397) - COG1448
881 = NMA0719 (397) - COG1448
853 =>HI1617 (396) - COG1448
833 =>PA3139 (398) - COG1448
831 =>PM0621 (396) - COG1448
825 = aspC (396) - COG1448
819 = ZaspC (396) - COG1448
788 =>VC1293 (413) - COG1448
781 = NMB1678 (397) - COG1448
780 = NMA1937 (397) - COG1448
724 =>XF0036 (400) - COG1448
710 = PA0870 (399) - COG1448
709 = ZtyrB (397) - COG1448
709 = tyrB (397) - COG1448
675 = YKL106w (451) - COG1448
666 =>CPn0740 (395) - COG1448
624 = mll0405 (394) - COG1448
619 = VCA0513 (404) - COG1448


20 proteins
E
COG1448
info
TyrB
Aspartate/aromatic aminotransferase
Help
Genome context
Pathways / Functional systems
PHENYLALANINE/TYROSINE BIOSYNTHESIS
LEUCINE BIOSYNTHESIS
A O M P K Z Y Q V
A Afu -
O Hbs -
M MET -
P THE -
K PYR -
Z Ape -
Y YLR027c
D R L B C E F G
D Dra -
R MYb -
L Lla -
B BAC -
C Ssp -
E ENT tyrB aspC ZaspC ZtyrB
F PA0870 PA3139
H S N U J X I T W
H PAS HI1617 PM0621
S Xfa XF0036
N Nme NMB0540 NMB1678 NMA0719 NMA1937
U HPY -
J Mlo mll0405 -
X Rpr -
I CT637 CPn0740

To generate a multiple sequence alignment, use:

MultAlin

Paste the sequences from your best–hit COG, saved in your "COGs FASTA Sequences" notebook area, into the input box of Multalin. Also paste in the protein sequence derived from GenScan to include your unknown sequence in this alignment and press the ***"Start Multalin!"*** button. Display these results in text form by clicking on the "–Results as a text page (msf) " link. Paste this Multalin display into your notebook.

Multalin Alignment

MultAlin

Multiple sequence alignment by Florence Corpet

Published research using this software should cite:
"Multiple sequence alignment with hierarchical clustering"
F. CORPET, 1988, Nucl. Acids Res., 16 (22), 10881-10890

INRA Home page | INRA L.G.C.-Auzeville | MultAlin

Sequence data

Cut and paste your sequences here below.

```
>08:28:21|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
MSQICKRGLLISNRLAPAALRCKSTWFSEVQMGPPDAILGVTEAFKKDTNPKKINLGAGA
YRDDNTQPFVLPSVREAEKRVVSRSLDKEYATIIGIPEFYNKAIELALGKGSKRLAAKHN
VTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFWQGNREIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLPVNRYRYYDKDT
CALDFGGLIEDLKKIPEKSIVLLHACAHNPTGVDPTLEQWREISALVKKRNLYPFIDMAY
QGFATGDIDRDAQAVRTFEADGHDFCLAQSFAKNMGLYGERAGAFTVLCSDEEEAARVMS
QVKILIRGLYSNPPVHGARIAAEILNNEDLRAQWLKDVKLMADRIIDVRTKLKDNLIKLG
SSQNWDHIVNQIGMFCFTGLKPEQVQKLIKDHSVYLTNDGRVSMAGVTSKNVEYLAESIH
KVTK
>tyrB
MFQKVDAYAGDPILTLMERFKEDPRSDKVNLSIGLYYNEDGIIPQLQAVAEAEARLNAQPHGASLYLPME
```

(sample sequences)

or select a file: Browse... new

Sequence input format: Auto

```
PA0870    ALAPHGLAERFAHVGAQRGMFSYTGLSPQQVARLRDEHAVYLVSSGRANVAGLDARRLDRLAQAIAQVCAD
CT637     AMRNV-AGHSFDFIASQKGFFGYPGFSKEQVLFLREELGIYTTAGGRFNLNGITDKNINRVTHGFAQAYEYPRSVS
CPn0740   ALRKV-AGHTFDFLLSQHGFFAYPGFSDKQVLFLREQHAVYTTAGGRMNLNGITEKNIDHVYQSFIQAYEL
YKL106w   RL----GWPDLVNFAQQHGMFYYTRFSPKQVEILRNNYFVYLTGDGRLSLSGVNDSNVDYLCESLEAVSKMDKLA
Consensus .L........fdfi..q.GmFsy.gls..QV.rLr.#..!Y.v..GR..vagl...n..yla.ai..v........
```

Available files:

- Sequence Input file
- Cluster file
- Results as a fasta file
- Results as a text page (msf)
- Results as postscript page(s) with ESPript (protein only ESPript) new
- Alignment and tree description (rfd) new Get a better view of your protein family : phylogenetic tree, pruned tree and subtrees, summarised coloured alignment and subalignments.
- Results as an html page (needs to enable style sheets) new
- Results as a text page with colour indications (need a text editor)
- Results as a gif image

Add one sequence to the alignment new

Cut and paste your sequence here below **(FASTA/MULTALIN FORMAT ONLY)**.

```
Consensus levels: high=90% low=50%
Consensus symbols:
 ! is anyone of IV
 $ is anyone of LM
 % is anyone of FY
 # is anyone of NDQEBZ

//


              251                                                 300
19:17:19|GENSCAN_pre  PFIDMAYQGF ATGDIDRDAQ AVRTFE.... ..ADGHDFCL AQSFAKNMGL
             YLR027c  ALFDTAYQGF ATGDLDKDAY AVRLGV...E KLSTVSPVFV CQSFAKNAGM
                tyrB  PFLDIAYQGF GAG.MEEDAY AIRAIA...S ..AGLP.ALV SNSFSKIFSL
               ZtyrB  PFLDIAYQGF GAG.MEEDAY AIRAIA...S ..AGLP.ALV SNSFSKIFSL
             NMB1678  PFMDIAYQGF GGD.LDSDAY AVRKAV...E ..MELP.LFV SNSFSKNLSL
             NMA1937  PFMDIAYQGF GGD.LDSDAY AVRKAV...E ..MELP.LFV SNSFSKNLSL
              PA3139  PFLDIAYQGF GNG.IEEDAA AVRLFA...Q ..SGLS.FFV SSSFSKSFSL
              XF0036  PCIDLAYQGF NQG.IDADAY AIRLLA...E ..EGISNYVV ANSYSKSFSL
                aspC  PLFDFAYQGF ARG.LEEDAE GLRAFA...A ..M.HKELIV ASSYSKNFGL
               ZaspC  PLFDFAYQGF ARG.LEEDAE GLRAFA...A ..M.HKELIV ASSYSKNFGL
              VC1293  PLFDFAYQGF ASG.VEEDAA GLRIFA...K ..Y.NSEILV ASSFSKNFGL
              HI1617  PLFDFAYQGL ANG.LDEDAY GLRAFA...A ..N.HKELLV ASSFSKNFGL
              PM0621  PLFDFAYQGF ANG.LEEDAF GLRTFA...K ..N.HKELLV ASSYSKNFGL
             NMB0540  PLFDFAYQGF GNG.LEEDAY GLRVFL...K ..H.NTELLI ASSYSKNFGM
             NMA0719  PLFDFAYQGF GNG.LEEDAY GLRVFL...K ..H.NTELLI ASSYSKNFGM
             VCA0513  PFVDIAYQGF GDG.LEQDAQ GLRYMA...E ..R.MEEMLI TTSCSKNFGL
             mll0405  PFVDIAYQGF GDG.LEADAL GLRLLA...A ..K.VPEMVV ASSCSKNFAV
              PA0870  PLIDFAYQGF GDG.LEEDAW AVRLFA...G ..E.LPEVLV TSSCSKNFGL
               CT637  PFFDMAYLGF ASG.IEEDRR PVRLCI...E ...AGVTTFV AGGASKIFSL
             CPn0740  PFFDTAYQGF AHG.IELDRK PIEIFI...S ...EGNTVLV AASSSKNFAL
             YKL106w  PIVDMAYQGL ESGNLLKDAY LLRLCLNVNK YPNWSNGIFL CQSFAKNMGL
           Consensus  Pf.D.AYQGf ..G.le.Da. ..Rl.a.... .........v a.S.sKnfg$

                      301                                                 350
19:17:19|GENSCAN_pre  YGERAGAFTV LCSDE..... ....EE.... AARVMSQVKI LIRGLYSNPP
             YLR027c  YGERVGCFHL ALTKQ..... ....AQNKTI KPAVTSQLAK IIRSEVSNPP
                tyrB  YGERVGGLSV MCEDA..... ....EA.... AGRVLGQLKA TVRRNYSSPP
               ZtyrB  YGERVGGLSV LCEDA..... ....EA.... AGRVLGQLKA TVRRNYSSPP
             NMB1678  YGERVGGLSV VCPNK..... ....EE.... ADLVFGQLKF TVRRIYSSPP
             NMA1937  YGERVGGLSV VCPNK cc  ..... ....EE.... ADLVFGQLKF
TVRRIYSSPP
              PA3139  YGERVGALSI VTESR..... ....DE.... SARVLSQVKR VIRTNYSNPP
              XF0036  YGERVGGLSI VASNT..... ....EQ.... AQAIQSQVKR IIRTIYSSPS
                aspC  YNERVGACTL VAADS..... ....ET.... VDRAFSQMKA AIRANYSNPP
               ZaspC  YNERVGACTL VAADS..... ....ET.... VDRAFSQMKA AIRANYSNPP
              VC1293  YNERVGAFTL VAPST..... ....TV.... AETAFSQVKA IIRSIYSNPP
              HI1617  YNERVGAFTL VAENA..... ....EI.... ASTSLTQVKS IIRTLYSNPA
              PM0621  YSERVGAFTL VAETE..... ....QI.... AATALTQVKT IIRTLYSNPA
             NMB0540  YNERVGAFTL VAEDE..... ....ET.... AARAHSQVKT IIRTLYSNPA
             NMA0719  YNERVGAFTL VAEDE..... ....AT.... AARAHSQVKT IIRTLYSNPA
             VCA0513  YRERTGAAIV IGKNQ..... ....QE.... VTNARGKMLT LARSTYTMPP
             mll0405  YRDRVGAAMV LARDS..... ....AQ.... ADVAMSQMLS AARAMYSMPP
              PA0870  YRDRVGALIV CAQNA..... ....EK.... LTDLRSQLAF LARNLWSTPP
               CT637  YGSRVGFFGA IHQDK..... ....LD.... LNRILSFLEE QIRGEYSSPA
             CPn0740  YGERVGYFAV HSTFT..... ....DE.... LVKIHSFLEE KIRGEYSSPQ
             YKL106w  YGERVGSLSV ITPATANNGK FNPLQQKNSL QQNIDSQLKK IVRGMYSSPP
           Consensus  Yg#RvGa..v .......... .......... .....sqlk. .iR..yS.Pp
```

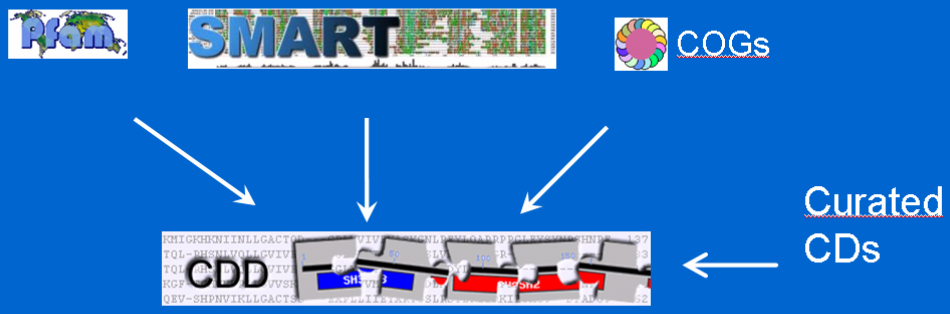
http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Structure/cdd/cdd.shtml

Conserved Domain

- recurring unit in molecular evolution, whose extents can be determined by sequence and structure analysis
- performs a particular function
- represented as a multiple local sequence alignment of proteins containing the domain

NCBI

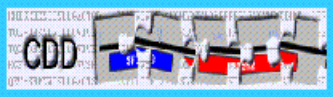
Conserved Domain Database



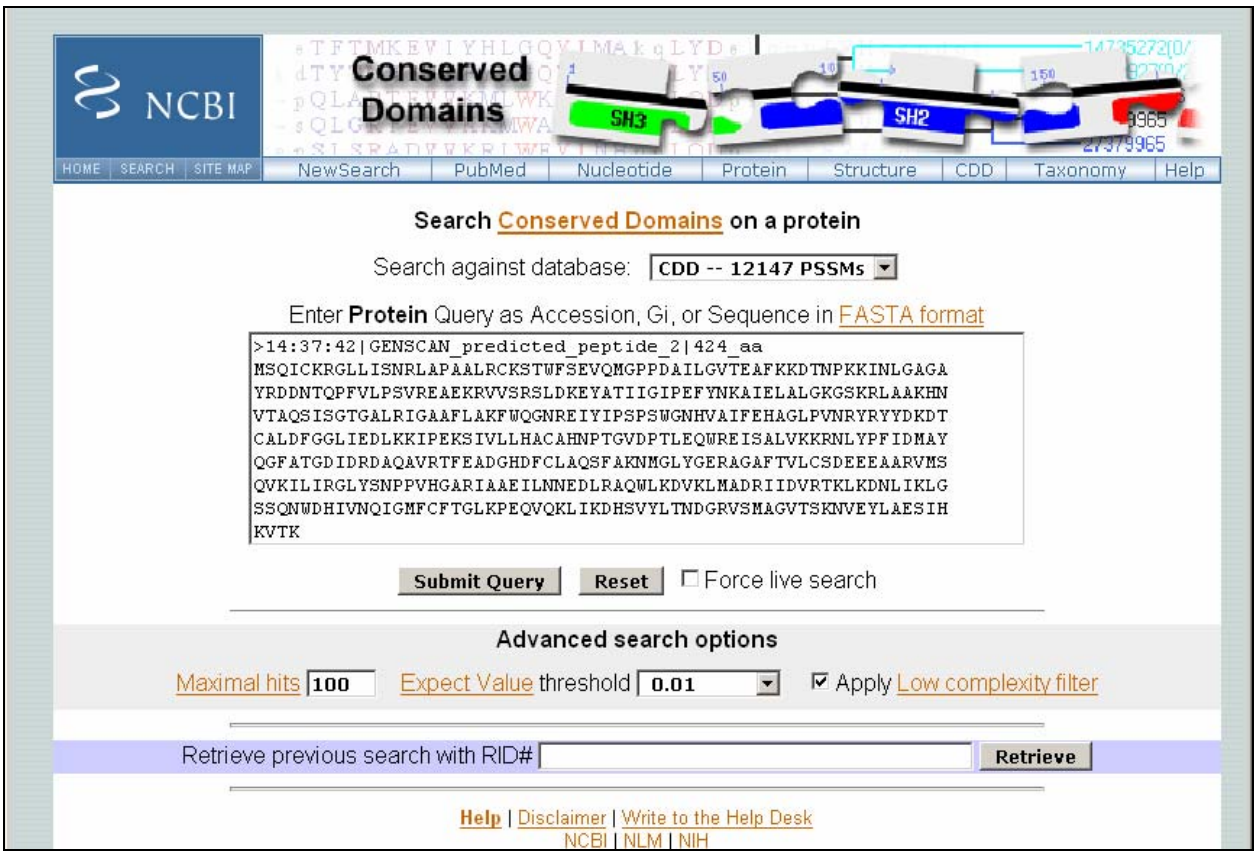
- A position-specific scoring matrix (PSSM) is calculated
- CD-Search can be used to search against the PSSMs
- Manual curation of CDs has begun

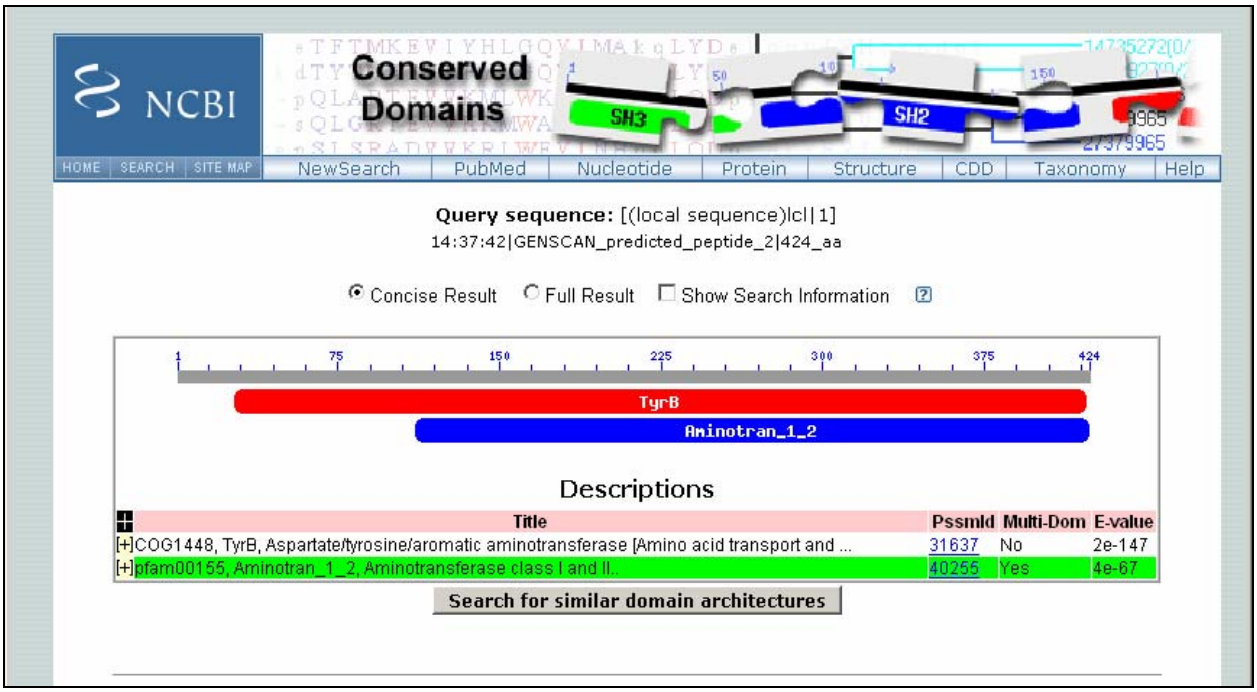
NCBI

To search for protein domains and view a model structure for your protein, click here:



NCBI's Conserved Domain Search allows you to match your protein sequence to a library of conserved protein domains, generate a multiple sequence alignment based on this match, and explore 3D modeling templates for your sequence.
Paste your protein sequence from GenScan into the CD–Search query box and run the search. From the search results page, generate a multiple sequence alignment for the top 10 sequences representitive of the conserved domain hit by clicking on the cartoon of the domain. Paste this alignment into your notebook. Before viewing a structure with Cn3D, use the listbox to specify "up to 5" sequences and "All Atoms". Invoke Cn3D with a display of a 3D modeling template, and a multiple sequence alignment including your query sequence, by pressing the "View 3D Structure" button. Residues identical in your sequence and the structura template are shown in red. Locate the Prosite Motif you found earlier within the Cn3D alignment window by using View––Find Pattern. Use Style––Annotate from the Cn3D window to color the highlighted residues and show their side chains.




NCBI
Conserved Domains
SH3
SH2
HOME
SEARCH
SITE MAP
NewSearch
PubMed
Nucleotide
Protein
Structure
CDD
Taxonomy
Help
Query sequence: [(local sequence)lcl|1]
14:37:42|GENSCAN_predicted_peptide_2|424_aa
Concise Result
Full Result
Show Search Information
1
75
150
225
300
375
424
TyrB
Aminotran_1_2
Descriptions
Title
PssmId
Multi-Dom
E-value
[+]COG1448, TyrB, Aspartate/tyrosine/aromatic aminotransferase [Amino acid transport and ...
31637
No
2e-147
[+]pfam00155, Aminotran_1_2, Aminotransferase class I and II..
40255
Yes
4e-67
Search for similar domain architectures

NCBI

Conserved Domains

HOME | SEARCH | SITE MAP

Entrez | CDD | Structure | Protein

pfam00155.12

Aminotran_1_2, with user query added

Aminotransferase class I and II.

Links:

Source: Pfam
Taxonomy: cellular organisms
PubMed: 2 links
Protein: pfam00155 related architectures representatives

Statistics:

PSSM-Id: 40255
Aligned: 48 rows
PSSM: 316 columns
Status: alignment from source
Created: 12-Dec-2003
Updated: 12-Dec-2003

Structure:

Show Structure

Program: Cn3D
Drawing: All Atoms
Aligned Rows: up to 10

(download Cn3D)

Single Domain Family

Show Alignment

Format: Compact Hypertext | Row Display: up to 10 | Color Bits: 2.0 bits

Type Selection: the most similar members

```
1B8G_A       95 .[3].AEIRG     NKVTFDPNHLVLTAGATSANETFIFCLA.[4].AVLIPTPYYPGFDRDLKWRTGV     EIVPI 161
query       108 .[3].GSKRL     AAKHNVTAQSISGTGALRIGAAFLAKFW.[4].EIYIPSPSWGNHVAIFEHAGLP.[1].NRYRY 175
1IX6_A       80 .[3].FGKGS.[3].NDKRARTAQTPGGTGALRVAADFLAKNT.[3].RVWVSNPSWPNHKSVFNSAGLE.[1].REYAY 149
1AJS_A       85 .[3].LGDDS.[3].QEKRVGGVQSLGGTGALRIGAEFLARWY.[8].PVYVSSPTWENHNGVFTTAGFK.[2].RSYRY 160
1AMA         82 .[3].LGENS.[3].KSGRYVTVQGISGTGSLRVGANFLQRFF.[4].DVYLPKPSWGNHTPIFRDAGLQ.[1].QAYRY 152
gi 398985   101 .[3].FKESC.[8].AHDRISFVQTLSGTGALAVAAKFLALFI.[2].DIWIPDPSWANHKNIFQNNGFE.[2].YRYSY 175
gi 1168262   80 .[3].FGKDS.[3].QSNRARTVQSLGGTGALRIAAEFIKRQT.[3].NVWISTPTWPNHNAIFNAVGMT.[1].REYRY 149
gi 2506178   97 .[3].FGADS.[3].QENRVTTVQGLSGTGSLRVGGEFLAKHY.[3].IIYLPTPTWGNHTKVFNLAGLT.[1].KTYRY 166
gi 21542387  82 .[3].LGDDS.[3].KENRVVTTQCLSGTGSLRVGAEFLATHN.[3].VIFVPNPTWGNHPRIFTLAGLS.[1].QYFRY 151
gi 1168256  110 .[3].YGDNS.[3].KDKRIAAVQTLSGTGACRLFADFQKRFS.[3].QIYIPVPTWSNHHNIWKDAQVP.[1].KTYHY 179
```

CDD Descriptive Items

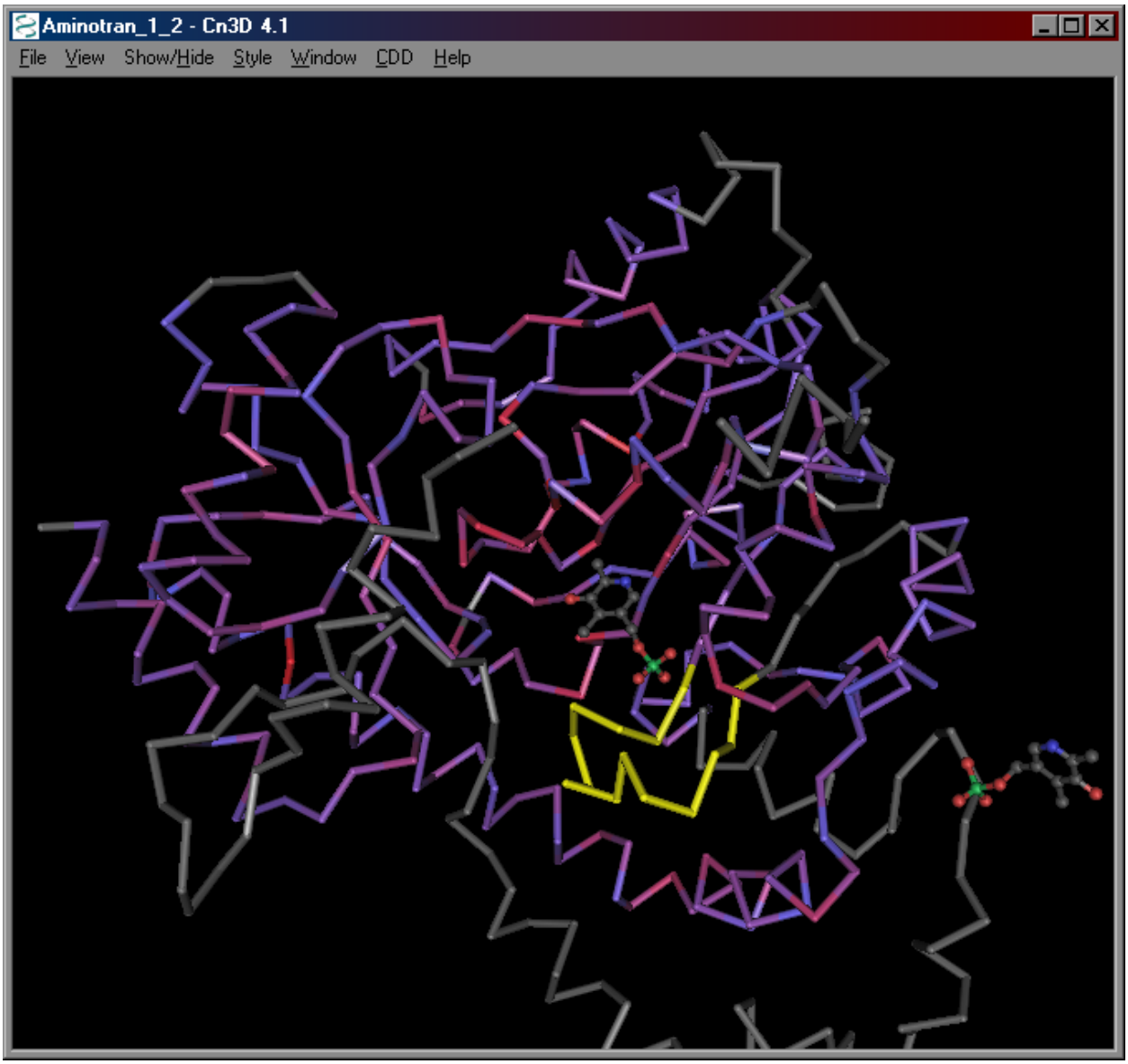
Name: Aminotran_1_2

Aminotransferase class I and II.

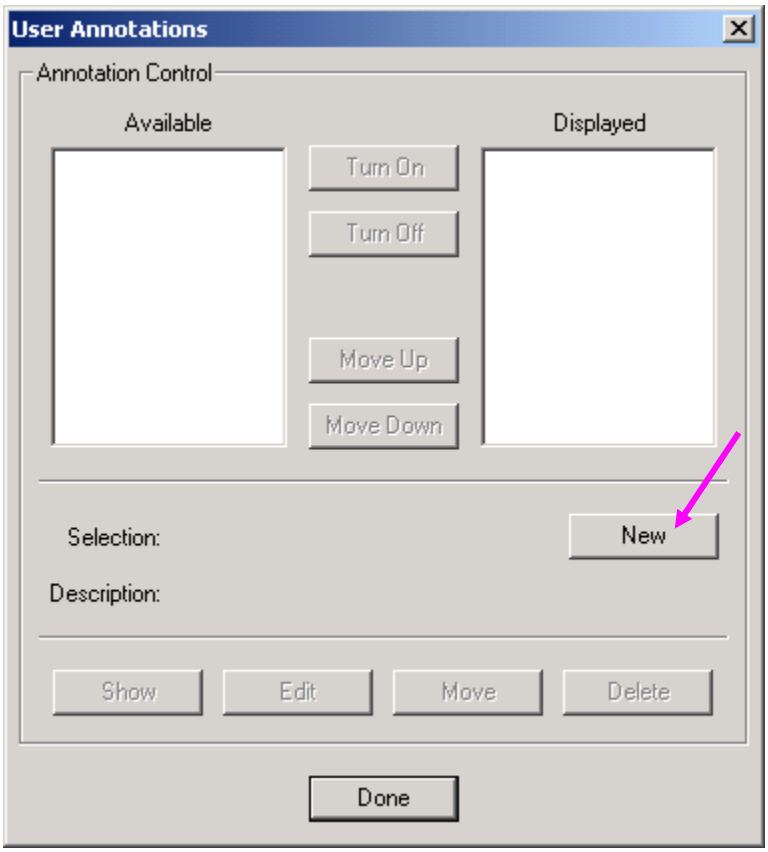
Structure summary:

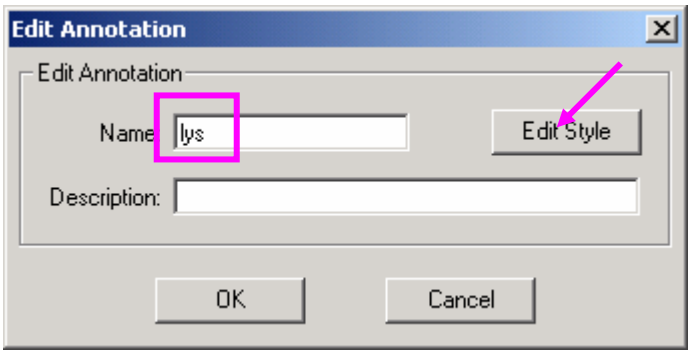
PDB 1B8G (MMDB 12342)
1B8G_A: gi 6980404 ([Malus x domestica] Chain A, 1-Aminocyclopropane-1-Carboxylate Synthase)

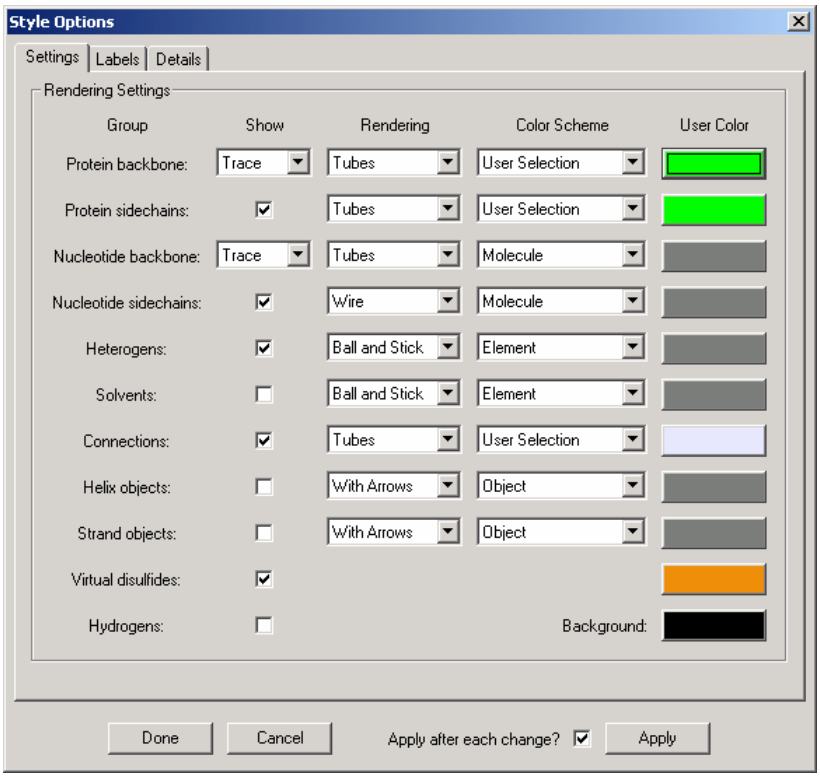
Show Annotations Panel | Show References Panel | Dismiss

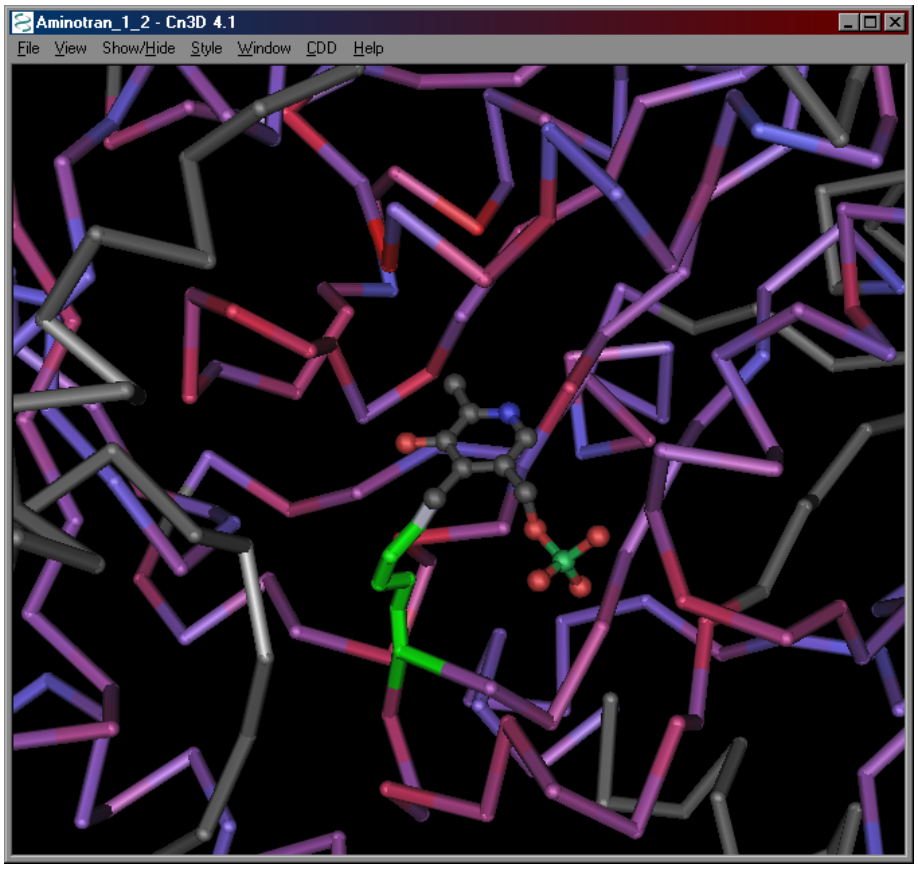

Aminotran_1_2 - Cn3D 4.1
File View Show/Hide Style Window CDD Help

Aminotran_1_2 - Sequence/Alignment Viewer
View Edit Mouse Mode Unaligned Justification Imports
1B8G_A
query
1IX6_A
1AJS_A
1AMA
gi 398985
gi 1168262
gi 2506178
gi 21542387


User Annotations
Annotation Control
Available
Displayed
Turn On
Turn Off
Move Up
Move Down
Selection:
New
Description:
Show
Edit
Move
Delete
Done


Edit Annotation
Edit Annotation
Name
lys
Edit Style
Description:
OK
Cancel


Style Options
Settings
Labels
Details
Rendering Settings
Group
Show
Rendering
Color Scheme
User Color
Protein backbone:
Trace
Tubes
User Selection
Protein sidechains:
Tubes
User Selection
Nucleotide backbone:
Trace
Tubes
Molecule
Nucleotide sidechains:
Wire
Molecule
Heterogens:
Ball and Stick
Element
Solvents:
Ball and Stick
Element
Connections:
Tubes
User Selection
Helix objects:
With Arrows
Object
Strand objects:
With Arrows
Object
Virtual disulfides:
Hydrogens:
Background:
Done
Cancel
Apply after each change?
Apply


Aminotran_1_2 - Cn3D 4.1
File
View
Show/Hide
Style
Window
CDD
Help